The Colorado Springs Gazette

AND EL PASO COUNTY NEWS.

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THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE
AND EL PASO COUNTY NEWS,
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"Business Items," 1 cent per word for each insertion.
For Sale, Lost, Found, Wanted, and similar Notices, 1 cent per word for each insertion.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

STATE OF COLORADO.

Governor—J. L. Routt.
Lieutenant Governor—Lafayette Head.
Secretary of State—Wm. M. Clark.
State Treasurer—George C. Corning.
State Auditor—David C. Crawford.
Attorney General—A. J. Sampson.
Sup't of Public Instruction—J. C. Shattuck.
Judges of Supreme Court—H. C. Thatcher, E. T. Wells, S. H. Elbert.
Regents of the State University—J. W. Dolloff, Frederick J. Ebert, W. H. Van Gieson, George Fritch, [illegible] Valdez, [illegible] Berkley.
Judge of the Fourth Judicial District—J. W. Henry.
Prosecuting Attorney—J. M. Waldron.
Clerk of the District Court—A. S. Welch.
United States Attorney—W. S. Decker.
Clerk U. S. [illegible] Court—Edward F. Bishop.
Clerk Supreme Court—[illegible] Keyes Danforth.
United States Marshal—P. P. Wilcox.
Assayer U. S. Mint—Hermon Silver.
Surveyor General—Wm. L. Campbell.

EL PASO COUNTY.

County Commissioners—J. C. Woodbury, Matt. France, [illegible] R. Hostel.
County Clerk and Recorder—Irving Howbert.
County Attorney—[illegible] F. Stubbs.
County Judge—E. T. Stone.
Sheriff—Peter Becker.
Treasurer—[illegible] F. Crowell.
Assessor—F. J. Eaton.
School Superintendent—Dr. R. P. Anderson.
County Physician—F. C. Kimball.
Coroner—[illegible] Sagendorf.
Surveyor—[illegible] T. Darby.

CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS.

Mayor—Wm. Wagner.
Aldermen—First Ward—W. C. Bradbury.
Second Ward—J. D. Rogers.
Third Ward—J. J. Baker.
Fourth Ward—Louis Morley.
City Clerk—E. E. Dow.
City [illegible]—William A. Wilkes.
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
School [illegible]—Wm. Wagner, president; E. J. Eaton, Secretary; [illegible].
Justices of the Peace—Wm. [illegible] Weed, W. A. Smith.

COLONY OFFICERS.

President—Wm. J. Palmer.
Executive Director—Henry McAllister, jr.
Secretary and [illegible]—[illegible] Summers, pro tem.
[illegible]—George Summers.
Board of [illegible]—Wm. J. Palmer, Robt. H. Lamborn, Henry McAllister, jr., Wm. A. Bell, Wm. S. Jackson.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

M. E. CHURCH, *Colorado Springs.*—Preaching [illegible] at [illegible] p.m. and 7:30 p.m. [illegible] Meetings at 12 m., and [illegible] Meeting Wednesday, 7:30 p.m. Prayer Meeting Wednesday [illegible] Leaders' Meeting, Friday [illegible] Meeting, Monday before last [illegible]
C. W. B[illegible]DGETT, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, *Colorado Springs.*—[illegible] o'clock, and evening [illegible] Sunday School [illegible] p.m. Prayer Meeting Wednesday [illegible] o'clock.
R. H. GAGE, Pastor.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH, *Colorado Springs.*—[illegible] evening [illegible]
[illegible] WALKER, Rector.

CATHOLIC CHURCH, *Colorado Springs.*—[illegible] Sunday School and [illegible]
[illegible] BENDER, Pastor pro tem.

BAPTIST CHURCH, *Colorado Springs.*—[illegible] o'clock, and [illegible] Sabbath School at 3 o'clock. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:00.
A. J. VAIL, Pastor.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, *Colorado Springs.*—[illegible] (the [illegible] Presbyterian [illegible] Sabbath School at 3:00 [illegible] College [illegible]
R. [illegible] ROSS, Pastor.

CHURCH ORDERS.

EL PASO LODGE, No. [illegible], A. F. AND A. M.—Meets at Masonic Hall, northeast corner of Pike's Peak [illegible] second and fourth [illegible] Visiting brethren are cordially [illegible]
W. M. STRICKLER, W. M.
[illegible]

COLORADO SPRINGS ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER, [illegible]—Meets at Masonic Hall, northeast [illegible] street, on the first [illegible]

MANITOU LODGE, No. [illegible], I. O. O. F.—Meets [illegible] Pike's Peak avenue [illegible] Nevada avenue. [illegible]
[illegible] M. SOMERVILLE, N. G.

SPRINGS ENCAMPMENT No. [illegible], I. O. O. F.—Meets [illegible] evenings of [illegible] Pike's Peak avenue.
[illegible] JOSEPH DOZIER, C. P.

TIME TABLE.

Denver and Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING NORTH. TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Passenger Train.		*Passenger Train.*	
Arrive	[illegible] M.	Arrive	[illegible] M.
Leave	[illegible] M.	Leave	[illegible] A. M.
Fast Freight.		*Fast Freight.*	
Arrive	[illegible] A. M.	Arrive	[illegible] P. M.
Leave	[illegible] A. M.	Leave	[illegible] P. M.

Through Tickets for sale to all principal cities East, at the Depot. Fare same from here as from Denver or Pueblo. Parties can select their own route. For further information call on or address
J. M. ELLISON, Agent.

PROFESSIONAL.

I. D. COOMBS, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN. OFFICE in the [illegible] building, corner of Tejon and Kiowa Streets. Residence [illegible] of Nevada Avenue and Kiowa Street, Colorado Springs.

T. G. HORN, M. D.,
OFFICE IN UNION BLOCK, ROOMS 18 AND 19. Residence [illegible] corner of Boulder street and Nevada avenue.

WM. A. WILKES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in Union Block, Room [illegible], Colorado Springs.

T. A. McMORRIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office, second door north of National Bank, Colorado Springs, Colorado.

EDGAR T. ENSIGN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Member U. S. Law Association and Collection Union, office, Tejon street, opposite El Paso County Bank.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

EL PASO COUNTY
Building and Loan Association.

MEETS on the first Monday evening of each month, at Weed's Hall, Pike's Peak avenue, between Tejon street and Nevada avenue, at 7 p. m., from October to April, and at 7½ p. m., from May to September.

A new series of stock opened quarterly, beginning March, June, September and December, respectively.

[illegible] HARVEY, Sec'y. [illegible] S. WOLFE, Treas. R. F. WEITBREC, Pres't.

CONTRACTORS.

WHIPPLE & CRISSEY,
CONTRACTORS,
AND DEALERS IN
SASH, DOORS, AND BLINDS,
AND ALL KINDS OF
Chicago Building Material,
Cor. Boulder and Tejon Sts.,
COLORADO SPRINGS. COLORADO.

DRUGGIST.

Drugs and Medicines

I have now the most complete stock of everything that goes to make a first-class Drug Store south of the Divide.

I buy my goods for cash in the Eastern market, and am selling as cheap as can be bought in Denver.

PRESCRIPTION BUSINESS

is made a specialty, to which end I keep on hand a full line of Squibbs' preparations, so celebrated in the East, and use no other.

I also keep constantly on hand a full line of Patent Medicines and Fancy Goods, consisting of Fancy Soap, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, and other things too numerous to mention.

FRED. [illegible]

DRUGGISTS.

CITY DRUG STORE

T. H. BURNHAM & CO.

FURNITURE.

N. HODGMAN, S. B. WESTERFIELD.
HODGMAN & WESTERFIELD,
UNDERTAKERS
AND DEALERS IN
FURNITURE AND CARPETS,
Wood and Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets,
COLORADO SPRINGS.

GROCERIES.

H. A. TRUE. A. SUTTON.
TRUE & SUTTON,
(Successors to Field & Hill.)
Pike's Peak Avenue, Colorado Springs.
DEALERS IN
Groceries, Flour, Grain,
AND PROVISIONS.
Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANTS.
Will receive, store, and forward Freight to all Points in the Mountains, and take charge of all consignments of Ore and other shipments FROM the Mountains.
jan1tf

BASEY & PEERY,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GROCERIES,
TEA AND COFFEE,
FLOUR, FEED & BRAN,
Next door to Postoffice,
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO.
Ranch Produce Bought and Sold.

Rocky Mountain News,
PIONEER NEWSPAPER OF COLORADO.
Established April 22, 1859.
Oldest, Largest, Cheapest, Best.
After your local town or county paper
TAKE THE NEW
Postage prepaid on all papers sent out.
DAILY NEWS, 36 columns, by mail, $10 per year or $1 per month.
WEEKLY NEWS, 48 columns, $2 per year; $1.25 for 6 months; 75 cents for three months.
First class Bindery, Blank Book Manufactory and Job Printing in connection.
Best advertising medium in Colorado.
Address WM. N. BYERS, Denver, Colorado.

BANKS.

W. S. JACKSON, Cashier. JAMES H. BARLOW, Asst. Cashier.

EL PASO COUNTY BANK,
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

DIRECTORS:
W. S. JACKSON. C. H. WHITE.
J. S. WOLFE. A. F. GOODRICH.

Deposits received subject to check without notice.
Interest allowed on time deposits by agreement.
Commercial paper discounted.
Gold, Silver and Exchange bought and sold.
Sight drafts drawn on the principal cities of the United States and Europe.
Money loaned for customers on Real Estate, or other securities at favorable rates.
Collections made on all accessible points.
County and Town warrants bought and sold.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
OF COLORADO SPRINGS.

Authorized Capital,	$100,000
Paid in Capital,	$50,000.

JAMES KNOX, *Cashier.* C. B. GREENOUGH, *President.*
W. H. McINTIRE, *Ass't Cashier.* F. L. MARTIN, *Vice-President.*

Correspondents:—Chemical National Bank, New York; Third National Bank, Chicago; and City Bank, London, England.
an1tf

PRACTICAL JEWELER.

R. MORRIS,
Practical Jeweler,
DEALER IN
[illegible] WATCHES, [illegible]
CLOCKS,
Solid & Plated Silverware, Eye Glasses, Spectacles, Etc.
Watches and Clocks Carefully Repaired and Warranted.
Tejon street, three doors north of the GAZETTE Office,
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO.

FIRE INSURANCE.

C. E. WELLESLEY,
REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE
AGENT.
City and County Warrants.
Union Block, Room No. [illegible],
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO.

Fire Insurance!
Reliable Indemnity!
Insure your property and sleep soundly.
A. H. BARRETT
represents some of the best Companies in the Country.

CROCKERY.

W. F. TILTON,
(Successor to F. L. Martin)
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Queensware,
Glassware,
Crockery, Etc.
A full and complete stock of all kinds of Table-ware, Lamps, Vases, Flower-pots, etc., always on hand.
The trade supplied on favorable terms.
At the old stand, next door to El Paso County Bank.

BAKERY.

BREAD.
For good, fresh Bread, Cakes, Pies, fresh and canned Fruit, Eggs, Butter, and Groceries,
ALSO,
[illegible]
Go to the Bakery on North Tejon street, above the First National Bank.
WM. BUSH, Proprietor.
Bread delivered daily at Colorado Springs and Manitou.
aug5

MANITOU EXPRESS.

JOHN M. BELL,
PROPRIETOR OF
MANITOU EXPRESS,
Running Daily between
COLORADO SPRINGS AND MANITOU.
All business entrusted to Mr. [illegible] MARTIN, the driver, will be faithfully attended to.

HOTELS.

[illegible] HOUSE
AND
[illegible]

W. S. BANKER, - - Proprietor.
BURT A. BANKER, - CLERK.

These houses, under one management, are the only first-class hotels in the city. The proprietor (late of the Villa Park Hotel, Denver,) will exert himself to give satisfaction to all guests.

The table will be equal to any in the State.

Rooms are all well furnished.

Special Rates for Families.

Commercial Sample Rooms on first floor.

RESTAURANT.

U. S. RESTAURANT,
WANLESS BLOCK,
NORTH OF POST OFFICE, COLORADO SPRINGS.
THOS. PASCOE, Proprietor.

Meals, - - - -	35 cents.
Board, per week, - -	$5.00

First-Class, and Table equal to any in the City.
Parties from Manitou and surrounding country will find it a good place to get a meal.
FRESH OYSTERS
During the day and evening.

TAILORING.

CHARLES STEARNS,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Huerfano Street,
Colorado Springs, Colorado.

Low Prices, Good Work, New Goods.
E. M. PECK
OF NEW YORK,
HAS OPENED A
MERCHANT TAILORING
ESTABLISHMENT,
TWO DOORS NORTH OF THE "GAZETTE" OFFICE,
And invites the public to,
Call and Examine his Goods and Prices
He Guarantees Satisfaction.
His stock of Worsted and Woolen Suitings, and Pantaloon Goods is not surpassed in Colorado outside of Denver.

LUMBER.

S. P. [illegible]GUTSHALL,
DEALER IN
[illegible] AND COLORADO
LUMBER,
SHINGLES, LATH, DOORS,
WINDOWS, ETC.
The only place in town where Lime is always kept on hand.
Will trade Lumber for either horses or cattle.
Yard on Cascade avenue south of Huerfano st.

CABINET MAKING.

CABINET-MAKING
AND
UPHOLSTERING.
[illegible]
has opened a new Cabinet-Making and Upholstering Establishment in the brick building on Huerfano Street, one door west of Chas. Stearns'.
ALL ORDERS PUNCTUALLY ATTENDED TO.

HARDWARE.

G. S. BARNES,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
SHELF AND HEAVY
HARDWARE,
[illegible]
WAGONS,
[illegible]
Miners' and Blacksmiths' Goods,
Wagon Makers' Material, [illegible]
Rope, and Fence Wire,
Ammunition.
Agent for the Hazard Powder Co.
COLORADO SPRINGS.

"DOWN THE ROAD."

A lusty tramp, one summer's day—
The sun was glaring fiercely down—
Trudged on along the dusty way
That led toward the nearest town.

No friendly tree its welcome shade
Athwart his weary pathway cast;
No babbling brooklet leaped and played
Along the roadside as he passed.

"Is there no shady spot," he cried,
"At hand?" to one who by him strode.
"Oh, yes," the other one replied—
"A little further down the road."

Ah, well! we all are tramps, at best;
We stagger 'neath life's daily load,
Yet on we press—and hope for rest,
"A little further down the road."

THE LOCOMOTIVE TRADE.

The Baldwin Locomotive Works exported eighteen locomotives to Brazil and one to Australia in the six months of 1877, the entire value being $380,000. They have also orders for similar engines and associated work, much of which is yet to be delivered. Since 1840 the entire export account of these works is very large, the number of locomotives being four hundred and twelve, eighty of which were for Brazil, and the value of the locomotives alone is $5,935,000. The entire manufacture of locomotives for this period reaches four thousand one hundred and fifty in number, valued at $52,405,106.

A WAR OF RACES.

Two young negro boys were in the woods near Mr. Cunningham's, a few miles from Leesburg, and discovered an alligator nest containing seventy young 'gators about eight or ten inches in length. They at once procured pine knots and determined to exterminate the last one of them. They advanced upon the den of ugly little fellows, and the slaughter commenced. In the midst of the carnage the mother of the young 'gators made her appearance, and to say the boys were scared would not express one-half. The boys made off in the direction of Mr. C.'s field, and the old 'gator followed, but she soon found her home in the swamp, while the boys sought safety in the corn-field. You will never hear of these boys "fooling" with 'gators again.—*Sumter Advance.*

THE STRIKING PENNSYLVANIA MINERS.

A dispatch from Wilkesbarre, speaking of the strike of the miners, says: "There is every reason to believe the worst features of communism will soon crop out. The agricultural districts are beginning to feel the effects of the lawless demands; bands of so-called committees are scattered through the country, and wherever their requests for provisions are denied force is used. Barns, orchards, stock-yards, and cellars are indiscriminately plundered; valuable cows are killed and their hides left where they were slaughtered; itinerant peddlers are plundered of their packs; potato fields are invaded and their produce carried off. Governor Hartranft has determined to place a regiment of three-months' men in the disturbed districts to co-operate with the regulars."

WHY THE ACTOR WEPT.

The record of Macready's life is full of thought, study, melancholy, and pain, but one anecdote he tells is funny. He says:—

"18th. Acted Werner languidly. A circumstance in the play amused me a good deal, and at my own expense. I was inconvenienced and rather annoyed by Ulric looking on the ground, or anywhere but in my face, as he should have done. My displeasure, however, vanished on seeing the tears trickling down his cheeks, and forgiving his inaccuracy on the score of his sensibility, I continued the scene with augmented energy and feeling, and left it with a very favorable impression of the young man's judgment and warm-heartedness.

"In the course of the play he accosted me, begging pardon for his apparent want of attention to me, and explaining the cause, viz: that he had painted his face so high on the cheek that the color had got into his eyes, and kept them running during the whole act. What an unfortunate disclosure!"

A SUCCESSFUL STUDENT.

We very much fear that the present discoveries with reference to Major General S. Bull, M. A., LL. D., may have a demoralizing effect upon our youthful graduates. There are so many colleges in this our happy land, so many graduates, young graduates, graduates who have not quite forgotten their youthful desires to sail the raging main as first-class pirates, or roam the free and independent forest as melancholy avengers. The brilliant career of Sitting Bull has charms for the youthful mind which are unspeakable and full of glory. A college graduate, a linguist, a scholar, Bull has tasted all the sweets of the chase, the wigwam, and the oat-meal-field. He is a great chief; his scalps are thick as oyster shells in the month of November; more squaws has he than Brigham, the deceased apostolical bank director. A big man is Bull, and as the college graduate reads the story of his life, may he not be inspired to seize his parchment, start for the illimitable, and offer his educated services to the Red-Seals or the Rosa-Conchas. We do not pine for his going; but, rather than that he should eke out a miserable existence poisoning people, cheating them, or preaching bad sermons, we shall say go, youthful graduate, go, and joy be with you.—*Inter-Ocean.*

REDUCING THE INTEREST CHARGE.

There is one financial measure that everybody can appreciate and indorse, and that is the reduction of the interest of the public debt. Thus, in 1876 the interest charge was $100,243,271, while for the fiscal year which closed June 30, 1877, it was only $97,124,511, a reduction of more than three millions of dollars.

AMERICAN PHYSIQUE.

It has been the general belief that our English cousins excel us in physical development. Such seems not to be the case. A careful measurement of the height, breadth of chest, and other bodily dimensions of twenty-five thousand American children in Massachusetts, as compared with similar statistics of English children, disclosed the fact that the superiority of bodily development was on the side of the American children. The same can be said in favor of the American rifle team when compared with their English rivals, the average size of the American team being much greater than the English.

CAPTAIN EADS' JETTIES.

Captain J. B. Eads, in a recent address at Pittsburg, gave an account of the many advantages that will follow the successful operation of his Mississippi jetties. The proposed deepening of the Mississippi, Captain Eads says, means the reclamation of 37,000 square miles of the richest alluvial lands on the globe, without resorting to an uncertain and expensive system of levees. It means lowering the flood lines of the river below the surface of an area almost as great as the State of Ohio, and located in the most genial climate in the world. It means the permanency of twenty two hundred miles of river banks, whose destruction now affords a constant supply of dangerous snags in its channel, to the great detriment of commerce. The increased value of the lands reclaimed would greatly exceed the total cost of this improvement.

PROF. TICE.

Prof. Tice has written a long article for the press giving his theory of the cyclone that destroyed the Omaha bridge.

He strongly combats the popular idea that the wind was the chief agent in the destruction of this bridge, which was lifted up bodily and carried away, or that it was the chief agent in any of our former cyclones that have swept over the country, carrying away in their courses heavy bodies like locomotives, cars, houses, etc.

He attributes this awful display of energy to electricity instead of to conflicting currents of air.

His theory is briefly this: A large cloud surcharged with positive electricity comes driving over the river, a corresponding negative thunderbolt of electricity gathers in the earth under the threatening cloud, only waiting for an atmosphere sufficiently charged with moisture to enable it to pass the otherwise impassable gulf; a water-spout of spray shoots up from the river, furnishing an imperfect medium for the union of the two currents; as the spout strikes the bridge the negative charge is centered in that structure and at the same instant through its thousands of miles of iron track it instantly draws to a converging point as it were the whole negative current of the continent, while at the same time the overhanging cloud as quickly gathers to its bosom all the positive electricity of the heavens. The bridge then nothing but the negative end of a huge magnet, springs into the air to meet its positive consort, and the union is complete, but in that brief instant death and devastation have been wrought on earth.

A POSTOFFICE WITH SECRET PASSAGES.

A story that reads like a mediæval romance comes from New York. In refitting the old postoffice building the carpenters have discovered that the upper floors are double, and are arranged so that detectives could watch the operations of those in the different rooms, who suppose themselves to be alone. The whole building was furnished with secret passages, sliding panels, hidden trap-doors, and mysterious chambers, of whose existence the postoffice officials had no knowledge—with the exception of the postmaster and assistant. When the workmen had removed the flooring, it was seen that the concealed space was from four to four and one-half feet deep, affording ample room for men to move about. Passages extend entirely around the building. At very short intervals were found small circular holes in which were inverted lenses. Through these a view of the room below was obtained. Back of and above these lenses were reflectors which brought before the eye of the observer the utmost recesses of the postoffice. If a detective saw any stealing or any improper action committed either by a clerk or by a person not employed in the office, the speaking tube by his side conveyed a warning at once to the attic room, and the guilty person was met at the door, or tapped on the shoulder in the interior of the office by another detective. The apertures through which the detective overlooked the rooms, are in most cases so small as hardly to be visible from the apartments below. Some of them, however, look boldly down from the casement, but as the panels in which they are seen were obtained from very old timber the holes would readily be taken for knot-holes.

A REMARKABLE PETRIFACTION.

The Portland *Oregonian* of August 15 contains this unbelievable story: "Judge E. C. Bronaugh has attached to his watch chain a little amulet, or charm, which, aside from its peculiar history, is very pretty in itself. It is nothing more nor less than a petrified rosebud. During the rebellion a young nephew of Judge Bronaugh, while in one of the Southern States, wrote home to his mother and inclosed in the letter a rosebud. The letter arrived safely at its destination, and after having been perused was laid aside with the rosebud in a drawer, where it remained for eight or nine months. When the drawer was overhauled and the letter again brought to light, the rosebud it contained was discovered to be petrified. The Judge's aunt recently sent the stone to him at this place, and he placed it in the hands of a jeweler for the purpose of having it fitted to carry on his watch chain. The petrifaction is so very hard that while trying to drill a hole in it two or three tools were broken before the object was accomplished. It is a perfect rosebud, and so well preserved that the finest fibres are to be seen. What peculiarities of air, earth, or water could have changed the tender rosebud into a hard, a most diamond-like substance in the short space of nine months is to us a mystery."

PROHIBITION IN MAINE.

In a recent letter Gen. Neal Dow thus speaks of the effects of prohibitory legislation in Maine, after 26 years' trial: "The liquor traffic in Maine is reduced to very small proportions, and is entirely suppressed, except in two or three of the larger towns, and is there confined to the lowest and vilest part of the foreign population, and is carried on with the utmost secrecy and caution, and it will continue in that way until it shall be declared by law to be a felony, and be punished as such, and it will very soon come to that in Maine. There is now no one in this State engaged, however covertly, in the liquor traffic, except such as are willing to hazard the house of correction for the sake of the large profits." He also says: "I repeat here that there never was a time when the policy of prohibition to the liquor traffic was more firmly established in the public opinion of Maine than it is now. The original Maine law was passed through the Legislature of 1851 by a vote of 86 to 40 in the House, and 18 to 10 in the Senate. At the last session of our Legislature, January, 1877, after an experience of 26 years of the results of prohibition, an act additional with greatly increased penalties passed through both Houses without a dissenting vote. This remarkable fact indicates the opinion and the deliberate resolve of the people of Maine upon the matter better than any quantity of speeches and resolutions and temperance meetings could do it. The people of Maine regard the liquor trade as 'the gigantic crime of crimes,' and the time is not far distant when it will be treated as such in our laws."

FREE LUNCH.

EPITAPH UPON A MILKMAN.

Put away his short-quart measure
And the cow with an iron tail:
"Milk!" he yells no more at morning—
He has kicked the golden pail.

—*New York World.*

The widows of Brigham are loud in their wail
And mourning is hung in the Tabernacail.
—*Puck.*

A tune that young ladies try to catch—A *million-air.*

"Is the sun a bubble?" asks an Eastern teacher. Some bub'll please answer.

Motto for lawyers: "Where there is a will there is a way"—to break it.—*Picayune.*

"Baby" has taken Washington by storm.—*Ex.* It takes most places by squalls.—*Boston Post.*

Over polite: A very polite lady, who did not wish to ask for a cradle, asked the shopman if he had any matrimonial baskets.

A swell who stuttered horribly paid court to a very pretty actress. "Ah! sir," said she, "life is too short. I haven't time to listen to you."

"Another whaler sailed," wrote a New Bedford editor. "Another sailor whaled," said the intelligent compositor, who had been watching a parting fight on the wharf.

An old lady, sleeping during divine service in church, let fall a Bible with clasps to it, and the noise partly awakening her, she exclaimed aloud: "What! you've broke another jug, have you?"

Young men who say they can't afford to marry are pointed to the example of Brigham Young, who began life with a sixpence and acquired, by strict application to business, nineteen wives and $6,000,000.

If you pass through the hen-roost with careful eye, just now, you will notice a sadness creeping over the countenances of the old hens. It is not simply the knowledge that they must die, but the thought that they must be sold for spring chickens after they're laid out.

"If I should die, dear," remarked Mr. Ferguson, after reading the obsequies of the late Mr. Young, "I particularly request that you put on no mourning." "You bet!" was the earnest response; whereat Mr. Ferguson felt much relieved.—*Rochester Democrat.*

THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE
AND EL PASO COUNTY NEWS.

SEPTEMBER 22, 1877.

Official Paper of El Paso County and of the City of Colorado Springs.

STATE JUDICIAL TICKET.

For Judge of Supreme Court.
WILBUR F. STONE, of Pueblo.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For County Commissioner,
MATT. FRANCE.
County Judge,
E. A. COLBURN.
County Clerk and Recorder,
IRVING HOWBERT,
County Treasurer,
B. F. CROWELL.
Sheriff,
S. P. GUTSHALL.
County Superintendent of Schools,
J. H. KERR.
County Assessor,
E. J. EATON,
Coroner,
GEORGE H. STEWART.
County Surveyor,
T. L. JACKSON.

PRECINCT TICKET—PRECINCT NO. 6.

Justice of the Peace,
WALTER A. SMITH.
Constable,
FRANK P. LOMBARD.
Road Overseer,
C. T. BARTON.

THE COUNTY CONVENTION AND ITS WORK.

On last Saturday afternoon the delegates elected by the voters of the various precincts in El Paso County, met in convention and nominated a county ticket. Although much interest was felt in the result of the balloting for certain offices, particularly for sheriff, the best of feeling was manifested throughout, and the convention was conducted with perfect decorum and order. We give below a brief sketch of the nominees.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER—MATT FRANCE.

The first nomination in order was that of County Commissioner, and upon the second ballot the present incumbent, Matt France, esq., was named by acclamation. In taking this action the people of El Paso County did themselves great honor, and proved true as steel to their own interests. With one exception the county taxes in this county are lighter than in any other county in the State, and this condition of affairs is due almost altogether to the rigid system of economy that has been practiced by our County Commissioners, of which body Mr. France has been a member for the past six years.

When a very young man Mr. France was a printer in Schuyler Colfax's office in Indiana. While there he learned the business of telegraphy. From Indiana he went to Kansas, and after living there awhile, moved to Central City, Colorado, about the year 1860, and was employed in the telegraph office there. He afterward removed to Georgetown, and engaged in mining operations in that place.

In the fall of 1870 Mr. France came to El Paso County and went into the stock business. In 1871 he was elected a County Commissioner and was re-elected in 1874. He has thus served the county for six years. Mr. France was one member of the first Board of Trustees of this town, and took an active part in its organization. Some time since when a strong effort was made to have the people of the county vote two hundred and fifty thousand dollars in bonds to what was called the River Bend and Colorado Springs Railroad Company, Mr. France, as Commissioner, opposed the scheme with the greatest vigor, and for awhile was exceedingly unpopular among the friends of the measure. The wisdom of the opposition to the bond scheme is now apparent to every taxpayer in the county. Had such a measure carried, El Paso County would have been ruined. Real estate to-day would be as utterly valueless as in some of the adjoining counties, and our great stock interests would have been taxed out of existence. Personally Mr. France would have been benefited pecuniarily by the success of the scheme. He had an extensive tract of coal land east of the town through which the proposed road was to run, and valuable inducements were offered him for his vote in favor of the measure, but he remained firm and made a heavy sacrifice of his own interests for the good of the county. And his fellow citizens will reward him for his disinterested action by an almost unanimous re-election. In many parts of the county there will not be a vote cast against him, some of his strongest supporters being firm and consistent Democrats. All who appreciate the services of a tried public servant whose time has been unselfishly given to the performance of his duties in accordance with his best judgment will, when election day comes around, vote for Matt France for Commissioner of El Paso county.

COUNTY JUDGE—E. A. COLBURN.

For the office of County Judge, an exceedingly important one under the new constitution the convention selected E. A. Colburn, esq., a young lawyer of this place. Mr. Colburn was born in the State of New York, and was removed in 1845, when only two years of age, to Wisconsin where he lived with his parents for ten years. In 1855 he moved to Iowa. He took the normal course in the State University there, studied law in the same institution and graduated in 1872. Immediately thereafter he married and came to Colorado Springs, reaching here in November, 1872, where he has since resided. Mr. Colburn is a young man of spotless character, and enjoys the reputation of being a good lawyer, a qualification considered *now quite essential to the* proper discharge of the duties appertaining to the office for which he has been named. *If* elected, as he will undoubtedly be, justice will be administered impartially and intelligently in El Paso County.

COUNTY CLERK—IRVING HOWBERT.

The County Convention this year did as the five previous County Conventions had done, unanimously nominated Irving Howbert for County Clerk. Although a consistent Republican, no nomination will be made by the Democratic party against him, the people of El Paso County having long since concluded that when an officer performs his duties for years as acceptably as Mr. Howbert has done, they will not ask what party he belongs to, but will support him upon the general principle that it is *their* interest to do so.

Irving Howbert came to Colorado from Iowa as far back as 1860, when only 14 years old. He may well be included, therefore, among our first settlers. After looking over the country for a short time he went back to Iowa in the autumn of 1860, and returned to live here permanently in the spring of '61, going to Hamilton, Park County. In the autumn of the same year he removed to Colorado City, where he lived until the county seat was removed to this place. For the following eight years he lived for the greater part of the time on a farm. In 1869, when he was 23 years of age, he was elected for the first time to the office he now holds, that of County Clerk of El Paso County. The nomination just tendered him is the fifth that he has received by the people of this county for that office, and only once has he had a competitor, in 1861 when Hobart Murray ran on the other ticket, and as a matter of course was defeated. The duties of the County Clerk may be said to be purely clerical, and experience, and a thorough knowledge of the details of the office is of the utmost importance to every person who has dealings with it. Mr. Howbert has all the work appertaining to his position on his finger ends, and is able, therefore, to perform his duties with accuracy and dispatch. In addition to these qualifications he is the very embodiment of integrity, geniality, and courtesy.

COUNTY TREASURER—BENJAMIN F. CROWELL.

In nominating a candidate for the office of County Treasurer the late Republican Convention acted upon the principle that guided it in selecting a Clerk. For many years the duties of the office have been performed in a perfectly satisfactory manner by Mr. Crowell, and he was therefore unanimously elected to remain where he now is. The people of the county, without regard to politics, feel that they cannot afford to throw away the experience that their trusted agent has acquired during the past fifteen years. Mr. Crowell's history during the past seventeen years is similar to that of Mr. Howbert. He came to this section from Manchester, Massachusetts, in 1860. When El Paso County was organized in '61 he was elected a member of the first Board of County Commissioners, and was made chairman of that body. He was re-elected at the expiration of his first term, serving the County acceptably for 6 years. In 1869 Mr. Crowell was elected County Treasurer and entered upon its duties at the same time that Mr. Howbert began his ambitious career. At the end of his term in the fall of 1871 he was elected to the Territorial Legislature, and served a term of two years. In the fall of '73 he was again elected County Treasurer, and has filled that office ever since in a manner that has left no room for even the shadow of cavil. Mr. Crowell may occasionally—when his attention is absorbed by more important duties purchase the head of a plover or rooster for that of a hawk, but all who know him will admit that such mistakes are errors of the head rather than of the heart. The most reasonable objection that can be urged against him is his persistent adherence to the state of single blessedness, but he has intimated *entre nous*, that should the cause of equal suffrage triumph this autumn it is not improbable that he may see the way clear for a change in his condition.

FOR SHERIFF—S. P. GUTSHALL.

The convention had a number of persons from whom to select a nominee for this important office. Either of the four or five candidates before that body was fully qualified for the position, and would have done credit to the county. After several ballots the choice fell upon Mr Gutshall. Where there are several candidates for an office, the triumph of one results in heartburnings and a temporary feeling of disappointment and chagrin on the part of the others. It was so in this instance, but the discipline that characterizes every political party that has anything more than an ephemeral existence, will doubtless extinguish every feeling of opposition to the nomination before election day. In fact the few persons who in the heat of the conflict made indiscreet remarks or threats, have already announced their intention to give the whole ticket their most zealous support.

Mr. S. P. Gutshall, the Republican candidate for the office of Sheriff of El Paso County, was born and raised in Perry County, Pennsylvania. Upon the breaking out of the war he joined the 9th Pennsylvania Cavalry and served as a member of that regiment for four years, or until the close of the war. Every soldier of the Department of the Cumberland will remember this regiment as one of the most active and efficient cavalry commands that ever entered the field. It was incessantly in active service, being on the march night and day from early in 1861 until the end of the war. As a member of that regiment Mr. Gutshall took part in 125 battles and skirmishes. A friend at our elbow who belonged to the same regiment informs us that there was no better soldier in the command than Mr. Gutshall; brave and prompt in the performance of every duty imposed upon him; ever ready to obey those in authority, he was in every respect a mode soldier. During the war he was once wounded and had three horses shot under him. The field in which the 9th Pennsylvania Cavalry operated comprehended eight States, closing its term of service with Sherman in his "march to the sea." After the war Mr. Gutshall returned to his old home in Pennsylvania, and resided there until the spring of 1866, when he started for Colorado, driving an ox team over the plains from Leavenworth to Denver. At the latter place he secured a job with Rufus Clark, better known as "Potato" Clark, four miles south of Denver. In the winter of '66 he removed to Colorado City and drove team for awhile for Templeton & White. In the spring of '67 he started the shingle manufacture on a small scale on the Divide. In the fall of '68 he was one of ten men who gallantly held ten miles square of country on the Divide against the bands of Indians that infested this part of Colorado, giving so much trouble to the early settlers. In 1871 Mr. Gutshall started a saw-mill on the Divide, and in 1873 removed to the mountains where he has since lived and carried on business. Mr. Gutshall is an exceedingly active business man, and being well and favorably known all over the county, he will make a gallant and doubtlessly a successful run for the position for which he has been named by his fellow citizens.

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS—PROF. JAMES H. KERR.

Of Prof. Kerr's fitness for the office for which he received the unanimous nomination at the hands of his Republican friends, we spoke in a former issue, and it is unnecessary now to repeat what we have said. Probably no man in the county has had greater experience in matters appertaining to education than Prof. Kerr. His whole life has been assiduously devoted to the profession of teaching. He will make a model Superintendent in every respect. Although the Professor was nominated by a Republican convention, he is entirely free of what may be called partisanship, and believes that politics should have as little to do with the public schools as with the judiciary. He will receive a liberal support from persons of all shades of politics who are anxious to place the greatest of all our great interests in the hands of the most competent persons. Prof. Kerr was Superintendent of Schools in Cape Girardeau County, Missouri, for six years, serving through two terms. At the second election, though having a political rival for the office, he received over 1,900 votes out of a total of 2,200 cast, being supported practically by both political parties. Our school interests have been well attended to during the past two years by the present incumbent, Dr. Anderson, and they will be still further advanced should Prof. Kerr's nomination be confirmed by the people of the county next month.

ASSESSOR—E. J. EATON.

For this office, a very much more important one than the public usually regard it, requiring the greatest judgment, care, impartiality, and integrity, the convention named E. J. Eaton, who has filled the position with credit to himself, satisfaction to the people, and to the best interests of the county for the past two years. Mr. Eaton has long been a resident of the town and county, has a host of friends, no enemies, and will be elected with but little, if any, opposition.

CORONER—GEO. H. STEWART.

The office of Coroner is neither a very lucrative nor desirable one. Fortunately, however, the duties appertaining to it are not of an onerous character. The nominee for this position this year is George H. Stewart, esq., one of the very best men who has ever settled in our midst. His means and influence have been freely given in aid of every enterprise that promised to promote the interests of the town and county. He has served the town most acceptably, both as a trustee and member of the school board. There is no office of trust or honor in the county, however high, to which his fellow citizens would not be proud to elect him.

SURVEYOR—T. L. JACKSON.

We have not the pleasure of a personal acquaintance with the nominee of the convention for this office, but have heard him favorably spoken of. The office is very unremunerative, and it is no easy matter to find a competent person who is willing to accept it.

THE PRECINCT NOMINATIONS.

The precinct convention held in City Hall on the evening of the 8th inst., made the following nominations:—

For Justice of the Peace—Walter A Smith.
For Precinct Constable—Frank P. Lombard.
For Road Overseer—C. T. Barton.

These gentlemen have performed whatever public duties have been imposed upon them in the past, with fidelity and ability, and are well worthy of the confidence and support of the voters of the precinct.

HON. WILBUR F. STONE.

This gentleman, who has been unanimously recommended by the members of the Colorado bar for the high office of Judge of the Supreme Court, and who will receive the solid support of both political parties, is a citizen of Pueblo, and was among the very first settlers in Colorado. He is a fine lawyer, has a judicial turn of mind, and will be an ornament to the Supreme Bench. As a republican paper we gladly and fully indorse the action of the bar of the State.

THE TWO TICKETS.

Within the week two tickets have been placed before the voters of El Paso County. One of them was nominated by a convention composed of delegates from every precinct but one in the county, regularly elected by the people after due notice, in order that every one who desired to express his choice could have a fair opportunity to do so. All the forms that custom has established in this democratic republican government as the best possible means for learning the views of the people, and properly carrying them out, were strictly complied with. It is fair to presume, then, that the gentlemen placed in nomination by the convention are entirely acceptable to a large majority of the members of the party of which they are for the time being the representatives.

The other ticket was concocted—that is the only word that exactly describes the process—in a close room by three or four men. The greatest care was observed to keep their actions from the public in order that no discussion of the ticket or the *means employed in "getting it up"* should be provoked. It was carefully sugar coated by placing upon it the names of a few worthy gentlemen who had been nominated previously by the regular convention, and who, it was well known, could not by any means, fair or foul, be defeated. This ticket has been christened the "People's ticket," whether in delicate satire upon the method employed in getting it up, or for the reason that it was manufactured by three or four *people*, or because the *people* had no voice in the matter, or as a sort of compliment to the institution within whose walls the heavy work of planning the *coup d'etat* was performed, is not yet fully known. It is not unlikely that each of these adventitious circumstances was considered by the men who assisted in the parturition when the momentous duty of naming the rickety bastard was forced upon them. A copy of this "People's" ticket is before us as we write. At its head, "still full high advanced," is a gorgeous impression of the Star Spangled Banner, placed there doubtlessly for the same reason that a dishonorable foe sometimes hoists his opponent's ensign—in order to gain a mean advantage by the treacherous act. It is a singular conglomerate. Some Republicans some Democrats, and a "What is It," far more difficult to classify than the wonderful fossil just exhumed near Pueblo. It is not a Republican ticket; it is not a Democratic ticket. If it were the latter we should treat it with the respect always due to an honorable opponent. This ticket is a "kiote," a pirate, sailing under false colors, and both political parties are justified in scuttling it, as they undoubtedly will. What greater insult could be offered to a voter than to stick this "People's" ticket under his nose and ask him to vote it? The quiet acceptance of a ticket concocted in the way this was, by any party, would sink it beyond hope of resurrection. Republicans won't touch it. Democrats, remembering the honorable traditions of their party, and of the words from which its name is derived—"*The People to Rule*,"—will hardly consent to vote a ticket prepared for them without authority, in secret conclave by four self-appointed men who, in the hope of winning a victory which if gained would be death to the party, would throw principles to the dogs. The "People's ticket," forsooth.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

By far the ablest argument in favor of the full remonetization of silver that has yet been made was embodied in a paper read before the Bankers Convention recently held in New York, by the Hon. William S. Groesbeck, of Ohio. His full knowledge of the subject, acquired by the most diligent and careful examination of the recent acts of Congress, and the statistics of the production of gold and silver for many years past, enabled him to present a number of new facts and arguments which the gold maniacs will find difficult of digestion. Mr. Groesbeck asserted that prior to 1850 not one word had ever been spoken against silver as a legal tender. No writer had ever suggested the expediency of adopting a single standard. No government had ever recommended the abandonment of either metal. None of the inconveniences and dangers that the Shylocks now predict will grow out of the use of silver, were ever felt or feared. Both were used and the people were universally satisfied with them. From this it is apparent that up to 1850 silver was not in excessive supply as compared with gold. Now what has occurred since to justify the attacks that have been made upon silver, and the efforts to exclude it from the money of the world? Has the production of silver been very much greater than that of gold? Is the quantity on hand so large as to threaten a great depreciation of its value? Far otherwise. The production of gold since 1850 has been vastly greater than that of silver. Here are Mr. Groesbeck's figures and they are supported by the best authorities extant:—

Total production of gold from 1852 to 1875 throughout the world, $2,860,975,000.

Total production of silver for the same period, $1,209,450,000.

We thus see that the yield of the gold mines of the earth for the past twenty five years has been much more than double that of the silver mines.

Dr Linderman, director of the mint, in his report of March, 1876, estimates the production of gold in the United States from 1845 to 1875 at $1,323,786,769; and that of silver for the same period, at $253,000,000, and the same authority places the yield of gold in this country in 1875, at $40,000,000, and of silver, 32,000,000. It is not surprising therefore that the English Commission appointed to examine into the subject concluded that the decline in the price of silver was not due to the over production of that metal. We commend one paragraph in Mr. Groesbeck's paper to such of our Colorado statesmen and editors as appear to be a little unsteady in their views upon this question. In speaking of the use of silver merely as a subsidiary coin, he says:—

"But the question now before us is not so much what standard we shall choose, as whether one of the metals shall be thrown away. Some say use gold for unlimited tender, and silver for subsidiary coinage and small change, and they suppose that such an arrangement would fully utilize and save silver. This is a great mistake. Subsidiary coinage is always limited and small in quantity. There is now outside the mines enough silver to supply this particular need, and it would not be necessary to go into them for at least a quarter of a century. This arrangement would throw away as useless for coin, more than three fourths of the entire quantity of silver, compel at once the abandonment of a majority of the mines, and put the world upon the single standard of gold." Of course the Shylocks of the world care nothing for such a result. They are after the pound of flesh lying nearest the hearts of the people, and they care not if the quivering body expires under the operation of cutting it off.

We have frequently in these columns scouted the idea of referring the silver question to an international commission, as is advocated by some who believe that such a reference is the only way to defeat the almost unanimous wishes of the people; and we have urged a brave American policy regardless of the views and desires of European nations. We are glad to see that our author advocates the same policy.

Mr. Groesbeck concludes his paper by showing conclusively that Congress, when it passed the many acts authorizing the issuance of bonds during and after the war, invariably provided that the interest and principal should be paid in *coin*, when both gold and the silver dollar were full legal tender. "The claim that they were payable in gold only is an afterthought of which we never heard until it began to be apprehended that silver would depreciate. It was the apprehension that begat the claim and labored earnestly for demonetization."

IMMIGRATION TO THE WESTERN STATES.

A Pennsylvania exchange expresses itself on the subject of Immigration to the Western States as follows:—

In view of the large number of unemployed mechanics and laboring men in the great cities of the East it might at this time be a wise thing for the Legislatures of Western States in need of settlers to pass laws favoring and aiding immigration to their unoccupied lands. Effort in that direction has already taken organized form in New York and Philadelphia, under the leadership of philanthropists; but to be effective the society should have its origin and headquarters in the West. The workingmen should be encouraged to "come," not to "go." Settlers are of actual, intrinsic value to thinly populated States. A few thousands of dollars placed in the hands of trustworthy agents would secure tenants for unoccupied lands, who would, in the course of but a few years, increase the value of the country and at the same time increase the revenues of the State. The present is a particularly good time for Legislatures to think about this matter.

Now that Colorado has become a sovereign State with millions of fertile acres ceded to her by the General Government, cannot our leading statesmen devise some arrangement by which our scantily settled valleys and parks may absorb a part of the vast army of unemployed workingmen of the East with profit both to the settler and the State? The colony plan is a good one, and about the only one that men with little or no means can avail themselves of to secure a Western home. Colonies are organized on different plans, as the inclinations or requirements of those composing them may demand, and to all such organizations the State should offer the most liberal inducements, such as cheap transportation, exemption from taxation for a limited number of years, and appropriations to furnish them with seed—corn and wheat—when necessary. Our mountain ranges are filled with fertile and sheltered parks, where grass and grain will grow with little or no irrigation, and the winters are not too severe for stock, and we can, as a State, well afford to make the *pecuniary* inducements necessary to fill them up with settlers, for the investment would return us a ten-fold profit in very few years.

It is reported that Jay Cooke and his friends have succeeded in getting the control of the First National Bank in New York, and will once more try their fortunes in financial affairs.

THE INTERNATIONAL RIFLE MATCH.

For the fourth time the Americans have gained a victory over their foreign opponents in long range rifle shooting. In the last contest both parties covered themselves with glory, the score being better than ever before reached in the history of rifle practice. Out of a possible 225, Bruce, of the home team, made 219. Blydenburgh followed with 216, and Weber with 215. Captain Sir Henry Halford, of the United Kingdom team, scored 207, the highest on his side. The American team won by 92 points. The victory was doubtless due less to the superior marksmanship of the Americans—although that was almost perfect—than to the superiority of the breech-loading rifles, a superiority that our foreign friends have been slow to acknowledge. The victors in this instance impute the result of the contest solely to their more perfect rifles.

EQUAL SUFFRAGE.

The cause of Equal Suffrage has been greatly strengthened within the past month by the convincing arguments of the many able speakers who are thoroughly canvassing the State. It is said that in some thickly settled localities there will be few votes cast against the measure. The leaders of both political parties recommend that the issue be kept out of the political arena, and that voters exercise their judgment outside of party lines. Thus far the Democratic party of the State seems to be more active than its opponent in forwarding the good work, having sent Judge George W. Miller, one of its ablest leaders, into the southern part of the State to advocate the measure. Hon. T. M. Patterson is also to take the stump for Equal Suffrage.

ANOTHER TRAIL.

The following from the Denver *News* of the 20th seems to indicate that next summer pilgrims to the summit of Pike's Peak will be able to take their choice of roads; or, what is better, they can go up on one trail and return on the other:—

The Manitou and Pike's Peak Toll Road Company filed articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State yesterday morning. The company is organized for the purpose of building and operating a toll road from Manitou to the summit of Pike's Peak. The capital stock is $1,000, divided into $50 shares. The company is to exist twenty years and its affairs are to be entrusted to the management of three trustees to be chosen annually. The board for the first year is to consist of Alfred Cree, John J. Kuhn, and Blake Burton, and the principal office of the company is to be located at Manitou.

COLORADO COLLEGE.

The basement walls of the college building are about completed, and bids are being received by the building committee for the stone for the superstructure. The work will be pushed vigorously, and it is probable that the stone-work will be completed before the weather becomes too cold for masonry.

DURING the last three weeks our summer birds have been spreading wing and seeking their eastern homes in numbers not cheerful for our hotel-keepers to contemplate. Doubtless all of them will have good words for Colorado, but in going at this time they miss the three months of the year in which to enjoy our matchless climate in its loveliest mood. No pen has ever yet been able to describe the glorious autumn weather of Colorado, with its cool, delicious nights for sleep, and the bright, genial, breezy days; while the mountains, clothed in their gorgeous autumnal robes, make the busiest of us yearn to throw aside all the vexatious cares and trials of life and rush to the hidden glens, there to become Rip Van Winkles for all time.

THE following sensible article from the New York *Graphic* is quite as applicable *to the farmers of Colorado as to those of* the Northwestern States: "The farmers in the Northwest appear determined to carry out the experiment of withholding wheat from market to raise the price from 90 cents to $1 a bushel. It does not require any great powers of pre vision to foretell the result. Wheat at 90 cents is amply remunerative. Any price above that will be due to artificial not natural causes. The farmers may sell a good many bushels at $1, but they will not dispose of all their wheat at that rate. The earth has brought forth abundantly this autumn of many other things good for food, and people will eat much of the other things and less of the wheat. There is, as farmers are well aware, an over-abundance of a certain crop, just as in manufacturing there is sometimes an over production of goods; they know the evils which an excessive crop entail, but in endeavoring to raise the price, as they are doing, they are trying their best *to bring upon themselves the evils* they would avoid. The farmers will repent their present course."

Messrs. Bolton, Hafner, and Stearns, the adventurous explorers, are expected home to-day.

The newly-married couples, Messrs. Robinson and Forance, and their brides, were complimented with a fine serenade last Monday evening.

Mr. O. L. Matthews, for many years a resident of El Paso County, announces himself a candidate for the office of county judge of Ouray County.

It is rumored that the petrifaction recently unearthed in Pueblo County is to be brought up here and registered in order that he may vote the People's ticket. Is this fair?

Mr. Peck's little girl, whose arm was so badly broken last week, was attended by Drs. Anderson and Brummond, and not Dr. Strickler, as we stated last week. The fracture was a very serious and complicated one, but no permanent injury is apprehended.

Good examples are sometimes contagious. This week we have the pleasure of announcing the marriage of Mr. Edwin Forance and Mrs. L. M. Parker, of this city. The congratulations of the GAZETTE are extended to them, with the best wishes for their future prosperity and happiness. Next.

One day this week Mr. Dan. Fitzpatrick killed an old rattlesnake and five young ones, over on the rise to the east of town. He says there were more of the young ones—enough to fill his hat—but they were in a hole so he could not get them out. He came near stepping on the old rattlesnake, which did not give the customary warning. She had nine rattles.

Mr. F. L. Martin and family have returned from their eastern visit.

Mr. L. J. Laws and Mr. C. P. Hardin are among the latest arrivals from Ouray.

Dr. Reynolds left for Illinois last Monday. He will be gone about three weeks.

Mr. I. H. Stewart, who has been visiting in Illinois for several weeks, returned this week.

The press dispatches of the 20th announce the death of Senator Bogy at his residence in St. Louis.

The lawyers' nomination for the Supreme Judgeship seems to be heartily indorsed throughout the State.

Efforts are being made to have Goldsmith Maid at Denver during the coming fair. It will be a good card.

The rector will officiate at Grace church to-morrow morning and evening; also at Manitou at 3:30 p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Rutherford arrived here this week from Philadelphia, expecting to locate here permanently.

Mr. A. B. Hart has returned from his summer's sojourn at Silverton. He made the trip in nine days, which was quick time.

Miss Fletcher, an able and elocuent advocate of equal rights, will speak on that subject at Unity Hall Monday evening, September 24.

Mr. Wm. B. Jones has sold his place south of town, and on Wednesday started to join his wife at their old home in Springfield, Mo.

The increasing business of the Lennox Brothers has necessitated the building of a large addition to their barn for the accommodation of their horses.

Subject at the Baptist church to-morrow morning: "One among us greater than John the Baptist." Evening subject: "Free-man and Chaff-man."

El Paso Lodge No. 13, A. F. & A. M., was represented at the communication of the most worshipful grand lodge at Denver, by A. Sagendorf and W. M. Strickler.

Major Hopkins has left the Manitou House, which is now closed for the season. The Major will hereafter devote his attention exclusively to his hotel in Estes Park.

Mr. J. S. Thompson, of Lacon, Ill., who has been spending several weeks in this city with his family, was seriously injured in his hip by falling from a wagon while on the Denver temperance excursion to Greeley on the 19th.

A lot of stones, specimens, and furs, valued at about $60, which were stolen from Mr. [illegible]es' museum at Manitou, about four weeks ago, were recovered this week in a badly damaged condition. They were found in the brush a few miles north of town.

The Palace Billiard Hall in the iron front was formally opened last Saturday night by a fine supper. The entertainment was graced with the presence of some of the best people in the city, and the auspicious opening augurs well for the success of Messrs. Myers & Lyons.

The annual meeting of the El Paso County Bible Society will be held at the *Presbyterian* church on Monday evening next. The meeting will be addressed by Major McAllister, Mr. McCandish, the general agent of the society, and others. A full house is solicited.

The Rev. Mr. Walker, rector of Grace Church in this city, was appointed, at the late convocation, held at Denver, the clerical delegate for this jurisdiction to the triennial convention to be held in Boston, Mass., in October next. Mr. Walker will probably start for the East on the 1st of October.

Remember the sociable at the Congregational church next Thursday evening. Let all the friends of the church come and see those beautiful pictures, greet the new faces that have come among us, and welcome back the friends who have been absent during the summer. Strangers and new-comers are specially invited.

The press dispatches of the 20th contain the account of the robbery of an eastern bound express train on the Union Pacific Railroad, near Big Springs, Nebraska. Thirteen masked men took possession of the train and captured $75,000 from the express car, and about $1,300 from the passengers. A hot pursuit is being made.

A very handsome specimen of fine "graining" can be seen on the front door and in the front room of Mr. H. L. Hayward's house, on north Nevada Avenue. The work was done by Mr. Frank Holwegler, who has recently come to this city. For two years he was in the employ of the Pullman Car Company, devoting his time exclusively to graining.

Preaching to-morrow morning and evening at the Congregational church by the pastor. In the morning Mr. Cross will preach his first anniversary sermon. A full attendance of the church and congregation is desired. There will also be a short sermon to the children. The sermon in the evening will be specially for young people. Subject—The strength of Youth, and how to use it.

There is prospect of an excursion from this place to Denver during the State fair. It will be under the auspices of the Baptist Church, and will probably give opportunity to hear Miss Kellogg, remaining in Denver over night. Should satisfactory arrangements be made with the railroads, the details will be fully announced in due time. Those expecting to visit the fair will do well to postpone definite arrangements until the excursion programme is out.

There will not be any services at the M. E. church to-morrow morning and evening. Sunday-school at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Where was that *People's* Convention held that nominated that *People's* ticket? And was that dear old friend of ours "Many Citizens" in the chair?

Horace Ward, an old gentleman who spent part of the summer in this place, died in Denver the 29th of August. His home was in Woburn, Massachusetts.

Mr. F. W. Helmick, the well-known music publisher of Cincinnati, has sent us a pretty song entitled "The Old Homestead." The title page has a beautiful lithograph of a country homestead.

The world-renowned P. T. Barnum, esq., will deliver his great lecture on "The World, and how to live in it," to-night, at Unity Hall, for the benefit of Colorado College. Admission 50 cents. We hope to see a rousing audience. All go. Doors open at 7:30 o'clock.

Mr. Gurnsey, the well-known photographer, and his assistant Mr. Grove, have gone south for the purpose of obtaining negatives of views at Veta Mountain, Garland, and other points of interest along the line of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway. They will be sure to bring back a fine and interesting selection.

Rev. C. W. Blodgett, pastor of the M. E. church in this city, has been transferred to the Iowa Conference, and was obliged to leave Wednesday for his new field of labor. In another place he bids his friends good bye. Mr. Blodgett leaves Colorado Springs bearing with him the affectionate regards of hosts of friends within and without his own church.

Last Monday T. S. Sullivan, who was engaged in sinking the well for Bacon's new livery stable, while at the bottom of the well experienced the indescribable felicity of seeing the rope break with a large tub of sand fifty feet above him. The well is only about three feet square, but by hugging into one corner he escaped with an arm pretty badly bruised.

Mr. E. S. Nettleton has been engaged this week in ascertaining by a line of levels, the altitude of Pike's Peak, for the use of the War Department, in correcting the readings of their barometers at high altitudes. He ran a similar line of levels to the summit of the Peak in 1875, making its elevation 14,147 feet. If the line which he is now running does not vary more than ten feet from those figures it will be accepted by the Department as correct, and adopted by them in their formula for the correction of barometrical readings at all signal service stations on high elevations.

The farewell card of Mr. Blodgett, which appears in another column, will doubtless be read with surprise by many of his friends, as but few had any idea that a change was contemplated. Although Mr. Blodgett and his wife have been with us but little over a year, their circle of friends here is very large, and all will regret their departure. In all that pertains to the advancement of religion, and education and social culture Mr. Blodgett is an earnest and devoted worker. Especially in the cause of temperance will he be missed, and we fear that the place he leaves vacant in our band of workers will not be easily filled. Mr. Blodgett goes to Glenwood, Iowa, and heartfelt wishes for his future success and prosperity go with him from hundreds of true friends here.

AT LAST Mr. Darwin is vindicated, and that "link"—

> The missing link he long had sought,
> And mourned because he found it not—

has been discovered, and in Colorado. The *link*, as the *Mountaineer* describes it, is about four inches long, and is in its proper position at the end of the back bone of a petrified man, found a few miles southwest of Pueblo with his feet sticking out of a sand bank. The petrifaction couldn't have been at all proud, as the same authority states that his feet were very large and homely. Probably he had outlived his youthful vanities, however, and didn't care a continental how his "[illegible]" looked, so that he managed to keep them cool and comfortable this hot weather. Sensible man—or monkey. The petrifaction, it is stated, is 7 feet 5 inches high with his boots off, "link" not included. Will Mr. Darwin please come forward and identify the remains of his long-lost grandfather, and after appropriating the "link" to his own use, submit the rest of the "development" to the tender mercies of the undertaker?

We're mad. Rise up, Colorado Springs GAZETTE and explain that Wiley watermelon item in last week's paper. Where did you get that bit of rhyme? Didn't we write it? We know we did. And you put it in as original and changed friend Perrin's name to Wiley. It was wicked and like the wiles of the adversary. Rise up and say that you didn't mean it, that you won't do so any more or your fate will be melon-choly indeed.

> Why should we write what we indite
> Is bodily stolen? It isn't right.
>
> —*Colorado Farmer.*

It is all out now! The whole business is exposed and—we are ruined. We are guilty, but there were extenuating circumstances in the case, and we throw ourselves on the mercy of the court. We had just been reading the original "pome" in the *Farmer*, when in marched Mr. Wiley with a big watermelon. The temptation came. For a brief period we struggled and resisted, but in a moment of weakness we hesitated and—*fell*; and, like the time honored plot, Perrin, the rightful heir was snatched from the cradle and the spurious Wiley substituted in his stead. We now consider it all as an ingeniously laid plot of the devil's to tempt us to steal, and how well he succeeded we need not say. We will forgive Brother Pabor, however, (it is our nature to forgive) and promise to say no more about it.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.com

THE SPARK CATCHER.

More Russian atrocities.

More Turkish atrocities.

Oregon Bi[illegible] his man.

Ex-Minister Washburn is home again.

Brigham Young's mother is alive and 94.

Goldsmith Maid's time at St. Joseph was 2:21.

A great storm and high waters at Galveston.

Sitting Bull now claims to be a Britisher.

Hayes has a brilliant reception at Nashville.

The strikers have organized a national party. So so.

New England has $750,000,000 in her savings banks.

Henry Watterson advocates the increase of the army.

A conspiracy to assassinate the Czar has been discovered.

A very destructive storm this week in Southern Louisiana.

England is determined that this campaign shall end the war.

Nevada has sold the government one and a half million ounces of silver.

The Boston & Albany car shops at Springfield were burned last Thursday.

It is said that Patti has received during her operatic career upwards of $2,000,000.

The Russian army from Poland begins its passage through Roumania on Monday.

It is rumored that McCormick is to be Secretary of the Interior, and Schurz is to go to Berlin.

Bene Jonas Williams has [illegible] one of the p[illegible] a repeater who helped to elect him.

John Van [illegible]osen, leader of the Albany strikers, has been indicted for the obstruction of trains.

E. [illegible] Mahler & Co., silk merchants of [illegible], have failed. Liabilities are estimated at $500,000.

San Francisco has to pay $100,000 for outrages inflicted on the Chinese and the destruction of their property.

The Republicans of Wisconsin in their State convention approved, nay, demanded the restoration of the silver dollar.

It is believed that Edward Haight, of New York, will soon be appointed Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and accept the commission.

The plaster mill of C. L. Woodruff & Son, in Albany, New York, burned Tuesday night. Loss, $30,000; insurance $20,000.

During the "Day of Atonement" services in a San Francisco synagogue, Sunday, the building took fire. Good management prevented a panic.

The American Iron Works at Pittsburg, employing 2,000 men, and [illegible] Blood & Son's iron mills, employing 1,000 men, resumed work Wednesday morning.

Clay Crawford may now say in the classic language of the poet, "I'm a son of a gun from Bitter Creek; I'm a wolf and this is my night to howl. I've two rows of upper teeth, and nary tooth alike." The folks on Bitter Creek are bad, the higher up you go the wuss they are, and I'm from the headwaters."—*Louisville Courier Journal.*

The family is likely to get written up. Helen's Babies, Other People's Children, That Husband of Mine, His Aunt, That Wife of Mine, Some Folks, Our Baby, My Mother in Law and My Two Grandmothers—these are already on the market or on the carpet. Now will some of these versatile writers please to produce a festive book—"My Uncle, and how I met him at Three Balls."

NEW SUBSCRIBERS.

Mrs. H. M. Pearson, Colorado Springs, Colo.
H. A. Mosel, " " "
W. A. Ellis, " " "
L. D. Rogers, " " "
G. R. Arnold, " " "
F. Brown, " " "
W. H. Ray, " " "
E. A. Newton, " " "
A. H. Corman, " " "
Julius Way, " " "
E. [illegible], " " "
J. B. [illegible], " " "
F. H. [illegible], " " "
F. S. Baker, " " "
Geo. L. Wood, Lake City, Colorado.
Chas. Johns, Manitou Park, "
E. N. Burr, Pueblo, "
W. Douglass, El Paso, "
F. Donaldson, Greenland, "
Milo Case, Edgerton, "
A. E. V. Strettell, Denver, "
R. M. Finley, Colorado City, "
I. J. Howard, Fairplay, "
Miss Gardner, Great Malvern, England.
Arthur Doyle, Seattle, Washington Territory.
Geo. P. Vose, Augusta, Wisconsin.
Chas. M. Clark, "
Geo. Thornton, Sandusky, Ohio.
Alice Webber, La Prairie Center, Ills.
Jas. Andrews, Mitchellville, Iowa.
A. M. Andrews, Albia, "
H. R. Moore, Beaver, Pa.
Jacob D. Kirkhoff, Philadelphia, Pa.
J. F. Crank, Los Angeles, California.
Hon. W. H. Smallwood, Vancouver, W. T.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

List of letters remaining in the post-office at Colorado Springs, El Paso County, Colorado, for the week ending September 18, 1877:—

Burnett, Clint
Berry, Francis
Beman, R E
Brown, Lou
Brunner, John
Clifford, Clay
Donnahan, Mr
Finn, C H
Fletcher, Joseph
Garrett, J G
Hall, S N
Irvin, Laura
Keyes, Carleton
Lake, Wm
Lake, W D
Miller, Mrs Wm
Orr, E P
Packard, A K
Phillips, D W
Ritchey, E B—2
Spaulding, Geo S
Sharp, Isaac
Smith, Anna C
Thomas, Darbie
Thompson, T J
Trentham, Wm
Tullar, Jno F—4
Williams, Henry T—4

Foreign—Robinson, Mrs E S
Jackson, W H

To obtain any of these letters the applicant must call for "Advertised Letters," and give the date of this list. If not called for within thirty days, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office. JOHN POTTER, P. M.

Jack Wilson, a negro of Meriweather County, Ga., has bought and paid for 700 acres of land since the war, and has raised this year seventy bales of cotton and 2,000 bushels of corn; but he got very little time to go into town and discuss the oppressed condition of the South.

GOOD BYE.

Having been transferred to Iowa by Bishop Ames, and being compelled to leave this Wednesday, I avail myself of the kindness of the GAZETTE to say good-bye to the many friends both inside the churches and outside.

For the future of Colorado Springs I have grand hopes, and my earnest wish is—true prosperity to one and all.

C. W. BLODGETT.

Colorado Springs, Sept. 19, 1877.

A VOICE FROM WYOMING.

Judge Kingman spoke to a large and intelligent audience at Unity Hall last Thursday evening. His remarks were of peculiar interest to those who heard him, as they were from one who has seen the practical workings of Equal Suffrage in the social and political circles of Wyoming ever since its adoption by that Territory.

The Judge first spoke of the remarkable difference between the elections in Wyoming of six years ago and those of the present time. If ever a hell existed on earth it was the first election he witnessed in Wyoming. Drunkenness, shooting, cutting, and noisy rows at every corner, characterized the scene. Now, the former character of the election is totally changed. Men and women go to the polls, cast their votes and go quietly off about their business, and the noisy electioneering and drunken rowdyism of former times are no more seen or heard.

Before the advent of Equal Suffrage in Wyoming, men whom it would be a disgrace for any one to vote for, manipulated the caucus and the convention and rode triumphantly into offices of power and trust. To get the nomination was equivalent to an election. Now that has all changed too. When a man is put forward for office the question asked is, can he carry the female vote? The women of Wyoming differ as well as the men in their political convictions, but they will not vote for a man whose character will not stand the test of public scrutiny.

In more than one instance, the Judge said, had the city of Cheyenne been saved from the control of unprincipled ringsters by the female vote. They will vote for the best men *always*, and in consequence no man with a bad reputation now gets a nomination there on the ticket of either party.

Regarding the policy of putting women on juries, the speaker said that a grand jury composed of men and women was the terror of every evil doer in the Territory. In the petit jury, lawyers who had a bad case used every endeavor to have no women on the jury; but when his case was a good one he had as many women on the jury as possible. He had known of one female juror shaming eleven men into a just and righteous decision.

The report that had been circulated abroad that the respectable women of Wyoming ignored the ballot was utterly false. A larger proportion of women vote than men. And the most respectable and highly cultured ladies in the Territory were the first to lead the way.

We regret that we cannot give a more extended notice of the Judge's remarks, for we consider it in many respects the most able address in behalf of Equal Suffrage ever given in this city.

WHOSE IS IT?

To the Editor of the Gazette:—

A singular phenomenon has made its appearance in the political sky. It belongs to no known constellation, but as near as we can make out is of meteoric persuasion. As yet it exerts no perceptible influence upon the political waves. It is opaque, but has borrowed from a neighboring luminary and shines with a reflected light. It resembles the comet in this—that it seems to be all tail and no head. An account of its discovery would, we fancy, be interesting. To the *Mountaineer* belongs the palm, and that worthy paper, assuming the discoverer's prerogative, has named it "The People's Ticket."

Whence it cometh or whither it goeth no man seems to know. It is not Democratic, because the committee have said there should be no Democratic ticket this fall. It is not Republican, because the Republicans have announced their candidates for political scraps. It is not "a fand 'a f," because there has been no "a f and 'a f" convention. Hence we ask in all candor, What is it, and *whose* is it?

Effects are usually produced by some adequate cause, which we can often perceive. But the cause that produced this effect is invisible; it is shrouded in mystery, and we fear will forever remain so. This effect is an orphan (changing the metaphor); neither Democrats nor Republicans will acknowledge paternity. It has been christened the "People's," but the people do not know their namesake, and are ignorant of its parentage. We discover little *mucilaginous* footprints, but are still in the dark, and the question recurs, *Whose* is it?

It is wrong for anything so young and feeble to be cast upon the cold charities of a heartless world. The bear nurses her cubs with anxious solicitude, and protects them alike from the angry blast and the prowling foe. What parent, beast, or reptile, but is proud of its offspring. And why should the parents of this infant be ashamed of their child, and desert it at so tender an age; how heartless their cruelty, who can they be? Echo answers "who?"—*Whose* it it.

If it isn't a Republican, a Democratic, or a "People's" project (again changing the figure). it must be a *private* enterprise. But what kind of an enterprise? Is it charitable, or is its purpose private emolument; is it intended to advance the public weal, or to promote private interests? If the former, who are its philanthropic authors; if the latter, who are the worthy aspirants? They deserve to be cannonized if they are seeking the public good for their noble self-sacrifice, if consulting their private advancement for their heroic audacity. *Whose* is it?

B.

MARRIED.

In Colorado Springs, Saturday, September 15, 1877, by Rev. C. W. Blodgett, Mr. Edwin Torrance and Mrs. Louisa M. Parker.

SOMETHING NEW AGAIN.

When Prof. Sheldon was traveling in Europe he took pains to make a very choice collection of pictures. Those who have had the privilege of seeing these pictures at his house and of listening to his explanation of them have enjoyed a rare treat.

The collection includes a fine lot of stereoscopic views of Swiss scenery, large size photographs of the most celebrated paintings and statuary, and views of the most noted cathedrals, palaces, and other public buildings of Europe.

Prof. Sheldon has kindly consented to put these on exhibition for the benefit of the ladies' sociable, of the Congregational church.

They will be on exhibition at the church (north Tejon Street), next Thursday afternoon and evening. Prof. Sheldon will be in attendance most of the time to answer questions about them.

The best time to see them is in the afternoon.

Admission only fifteen cents. Children from nine to fourteen, ten cents.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

Do not fail to call and see the very low prices on Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Gloves, and Furnishing Goods at the *Cheap Cash Store* of D. W. ROBBINS.

Marsh will trim your carriages.

Latest novelties in suitings and pantaloon goods just received at E. M. Peck's, Tejon Street.

If you want a good carriage cushion Marsh will make it.

Upholstering carriages and trimming neatly done by Marsh, on Huerfano Street.

Genuine New York Factory Cheese, really choice, and the best in the market, at LINCOLN'S.

Don't sleep on a hard bed, Marsh will make you a soft mattress.

Gents, you will find a large assortment of fine Hats at E. W. GIDDINGS'.

Marsh refers to G. S. Barnes.

The finest lot of Clothing ever shipped to Colorado just received at D. W. ROBBINS'S.

Mountain trout at Lincoln's.

Marsh believes in comfort as well as beauty.

Marsh refers to J. A. Nichols.

The Bass Raw Edge Hat for sale by E. W. GIDDINGS'.

Marsh refers to Hodgman.

Dress goods, fancy goods, notions and clothing at bed rock prices at O. T. BARKER'S.

Marsh hangs curtains.

Stacks of choice Clothing just received at D. W. ROBBINS'.

Marsh, the upholsterer on Huerfano Street, makes Mattresses.

TO FISH AND OYSTER DEALERS.

Mr. T. E. Johnson will sell ice at 25 cents per hundred pounds. Dealers in fresh fish and oysters will take notice of the reduction, as they can now preserve those articles at very little expense.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

Not to be outdone by any one, I purpose putting up a sufficient quantity of Ice next season to supply the entire neighborhood, and can assure my numerous customers that I will not be under-sold, even if I have to give it away. I can afford to work cheap, as the teams and working materials belong to me and not to my mother in law. Respectfully,

CHAS. STOCKBRIDGE.

SILVER PLATED WARE.

A large lot of Silver plated Ware for sale at G. S. Barnes'. Call and see the stock.

HORSE SHOEING.

T. A Hay never injures a horse when shoeing him, and he does the job in the best possible manner, as any customer will testify. Sign of the Big Horse Shoe on Huerfano Street.

STEEL FENCE-WIRE.

A new article, best ever made. Farmers and ranchmen try it, at G. S. Barnes'.

FOR SALE.—A well-broke yoke of oxen, and wagon with bows and cover. Address "Oxen," this office.

FOR RENT.—A furnished brick house on Huerfano Street. Apply at this office.

WANTED—A woman to do general housework at LINCOLN'S.

FOR RENT—Grace Greenwood's cottage at Manitou. Apply to E. P. STEPHENSON, GAZETTE office.

SHEEP FOR SALE.—A graded flock of 1200 head at an extremely low figure. Address P. O. Box 250, Colorado Springs.

FOR RENT—A large, convenient residence on Cascade Avenue, one of the best in the city. Enquire of E. N. BARTLETT, Real Estate Agent. Sept. 22.

FOR SALE—A railroad ticket from Colorado Springs to Denver and return *via* Pueblo and Atchison to Rock Island. Ticket good until December 11, 1877. Apply to A. [illegible] LAWTON.

WANTED—5,000 bushels of wheat at the Pike's Peak Mills, for which the highest cash price will be paid.

FOR SALE—The best sheep ranch in El Paso County; also a small flock of young sheep, mostly ewes. Apply to Charles Hallowell, or address me at Colorado Springs. M. [illegible] ELY.

FOR SALE—19 thoroughbred Merino bucks—two years old and thoroughly acclimated. Address I. N. VAN VOORHIS, El Paso, El Paso County, Colo.

WANTED—A good cook; must also do washing and ironing for family of three. Apply immediately to GAZETTE office.

FOR SALE—A good frame house with 2 rooms; good cellar; 2 corner lots, 50x190 each; very cheap. Apply to Chas. Hallowell, Real Estate Agent.

FOR SALE.—One good frame house with four rooms, one block from business part of town. Apply to Chas. Hallowell, Real Estate Agent.

FOR RENT—Furnished parlor and bedroom within 2 minutes' walk of the post-office. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE.—A small bunch of thoroughbred Merino Rams, two years old, and thoroughly acclimated, having passed two winters in the country. All warranted in good condition and free from disease. Apply to CHAS. HALLOWELL.

FOR SALE—A ranch situated twenty-five miles northeast of Colorado Springs, consisting of 160 acres, well fenced; 6 acres under cultivation. There is a good well of water on the place and two living springs that furnish water sufficient for one thousand head of cattle; also frame house, 12x20 feet, addition 7x20 feet; log house, 12x14 feet; stable, 16x14 feet, and good board corral. The range is suitable for cattle or sheep. Title perfect. The above described property is offered at a bargain for two weeks, as the owner is about to leave the country. Apply to LAWTON & SMITH.

MONEY, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE.

MONEY
ALWAYS
TO LOAN!

INSURANCE
IN THE
BEST COMPANIES

REAL ESTATE
BOUGHT AND SOLD

J. E. WELLESLEY,

Union Block. Colorado Springs.

Notice to Taxpayers.

NOTICE is hereby given that a warrant for the collection of City Taxes has been placed in my hands by the City Clerk, and all taxpayers are requested to come forward without delay and pay the amounts assessed against them.

F. P. LOMBARD, Collector.

GROCERIES, ETC.

CALL AT LINCOLN'S
on PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE, for
STAPLE AND FANCY
GROCERIES
THE FINEST
TEAS AND COFFEES
FRESH
OYSTERS, FISH, AND FRUIT.
BAIN WAGONS, WOOD MOWERS, and MOLINE PLOWS.

UNDER
[illegible]
And in daily operation over 37 years.
$15,000
—FOR—
$15
TUESDAY, OCT. 16 and 27, 1877.
KENTUCKY
STATE ALLOTMENT
—OF—
$67,925 IN PRIZES!

1 Prize of ... $15,000
1 Prize of ... [illegible]
1 Prize of ... 5,000
1 Prize of ... 2,500
1 Prize of ... 2,500
1,839 Other Prizes amounting to ... 44,925

TOTAL $67,925.

Whole Tickets $1.00; 50 Whole Tickets for $45; 100 Tickets, $90.

Chartered for Educational Institutions. Under Charter no postponement can ever occur. All prizes paid in full. Official list of drawn numbers published in N. Y. Herald, New York Sun, and Louisville Courier-Journal. Circulars containing full particulars free.

Address, SIMMONS & DICKINSON, Manager's Office, 72 3rd St., Louisville, Ky.

Similar Allotments on the 15th and last days of every month during the year.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, James P. True of the County of Lake, and State of Colorado, by his certain deed of trust dated the twelfth day of December, 1876, and duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, on the 13th day of December, 1876, in book 23, page 96, did grant, bargain, sell, and convey to me, the undersigned, as trustee, the land hereinafter described, to secure the payment of one certain promissory note for the sum of eleven hundred dollars, of even date with said trust deed and therein described, payable one year after the date thereof, bearing interest at the rate of one and one half per cent. per month from date, interest payable quarterly;

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the interest due on said note;

Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and for the purpose of paying the same and interest, with costs of sale, the undersigned, under and by virtue of authority in him vested by the said deed of trust, will sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, on

Monday, October 29, 1877,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the County Clerk's office in Colorado Springs, in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, the land in said deed of trust described, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter, the east half of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter, and the east half of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section thirty one (31), in township thirteen (13) south, of range sixty-six (66) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, more or less, together with all appurtenances thereunto belonging, and all the right, title, benefit, and equity of redemption of the said James P. True, his heirs and assigns therein.

IRVING HOWBERT, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, Numa Vidal, of El Paso County, Colorado, did on the first day of April, 1875, execute and deliver his two certain promissory notes both thereof payable to the order of Edmund H. VanOrden; one for the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, payable in six months after date, and one thereof for the sum of three thousand dollars, payable one year after date, which said notes are secured by a deed of trust executed by said Numa Vidal to W. T. B. Van Orden, as trustee, of even date with said notes, and recorded in the Clerk and Recorder's office of El Paso County, Colorado, in book P, page 229, by which deed of trust it is provided that in case of default in the payment of said notes or interest thereon according to the tenor and effect thereof, it shall and may be lawful for said Van Orden to sell and dispose of said premises at public auction, at the front door of the County Clerk's office, in said El Paso County, upon giving thirty days public notice of such sale by advertisement in a newspaper of said El Paso County; and whereas, it is further provided that in case of the death of said W. T. B. Van Orden, Irving Howbert, of said county shall become successor in trust, with like power and authority as said Van Orden to act concerning said matters; and whereas the said Van Orden is now dead;

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of said notes and the interest due thereon, and the said Edmund H. Van Orden has requested me to advertise and sell the premises in said deed of trust described, to pay said notes and interest due thereon, and all other expenses of this trust as in said deed of trust provided;

Now therefore, I, Irving Howbert, successor in trust and trustee, by virtue of the terms and conditions of said trust deed, and by virtue of the power therein vested in me, do hereby give public notice that I shall, on

Monday, the 15th day of October, 1877,

at nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the County Clerk's office, in said El Paso County, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the premises in said deed of trust described, to-wit: Lot number twenty-five (25) in Block No. "C," of Manitou, El Paso County, State aforesaid, together with all the appurtenances thereunto belonging, and all the right, title, and equity of redemption of the said Numa Vidal, his heirs and assigns therein.

IRVING HOWBERT, Trustee and Successor in Trust.

Dated September 12, 1877.

ELECTION NOTICE.

To the County Clerk of El Paso County, Greeting;

You are hereby notified that at the general election to be held in your County on Tuesday, the 2nd day of October, A. D. 1877, for the election of County and Precinct officers, that by virtue of an act of the First General Assembly of the State of Colorado, entitled "An act to extend the right of suffrage to women of lawful age and otherwise qualified, according to the provisions of the Constitution;" Section 1 of said act, which reads as follows: "That every female person shall be entitled to vote at all elections, in the same manner in all respects as male persons are or shall be entitled to vote by the Constitution and laws of this State, and that the same qualifications as to age, citizenship, and time of residence in the State, County, City, Ward, and Precinct, and all other qualifications required by law to entitle male persons to vote, shall be required to enable female persons to vote," will be submitted for approval or disapproval; and those who approve the same shall have written or printed upon their ballots the words, "Woman's Suffrage Approved," and such as do not approve the same shall have written or printed upon their ballots the words "Woman's Suffrage not Approved."

As soon as convenient after the receipt of this notification, you will cause public proclamation of the same to be made, as directed by law, in the several voting precincts of your county, including therein such County and Precinct officers as are required by law to be chosen at said election.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of the State at Denver, this 13th day of August, A. D. 1877.

[SEAL.] WM. M. CLARK, Secretary of State.

To County Clerk of El Paso County:—

SIR: This is to notify you that by reason of the resignation of the Hon. Ebenezer T. Wells, one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of the State of Colorado, a vacancy exists in said office, which, under the law, is to be filled at the next general election for county officers.

You are therefore directed to give notice by publication, as required by law, that at the general election for county officers, to be holden in each county of the State on the first Tuesday of October, A. D. 1877, there will be chosen one Judge of the Supreme Court of the State of Colorado to fill the vacancy existing by the resignation of the Hon. Ebenezer T. Wells, as aforesaid, for the unexpired term thereof, ending on the second Tuesday in January, A. D. 1886.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed the great seal of the State of Colorado. Done at the city of Denver, in said State of Colorado, this first day of September, A. D. 1877.

WM. M. CLARK, Secretary of State.
By E. Walden Brewster, Deputy.

Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the above notices and the laws of the State of Colorado governing elections, there will be an election held at the places designated by the Board of County Commissioners for holding elections in the several precincts in El Paso County, in the State of Colorado, on

Tuesday, October 2d, 1877,

for the purpose of voting on the amendment to the constitution of the State of Colorado, "to extend the right of suffrage to women of lawful age, and otherwise qualified," in the above notice referred to; also for the purpose of electing a Judge of the Supreme Court, to fill the vacancy existing by reason of the resignation of the Hon. Ebenezer T. Wells; and also for the purpose of electing the following named County and Precinct officers, to-wit:—

One County Commissioner for the 2d Commissioner District,
One County Judge,
One County Clerk,
One County Treasurer,
One Sheriff,
One County Superintendent of Schools,
One County Assessor,
One County Surveyor,
One Coroner,
One Justice of the Peace in each precinct,
One Constable in each precinct,
One Road Overseer in each precinct.

Witness my hand and official seal this 3d day of September, A. D. 1877.

IRVING HOWBERT, County Clerk.

[SEAL.]

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

STATE OF COLORADO, } ss.
COUNTY OF EL PASO, }

The First National Bank of Denver *vs.* Philip P. Gomer.

In the District Court of said County—to October term, A. D. 1877.

ATTACHMENT.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given to Philip P. Gomer that a writ of attachment, issued out of the office of the Clerk of the District Court of El Paso County, State of Colorado, dated the 16th day of August, A. D. 1877, at the suit of the First National Bank of Denver, and against the estate of the said Philip P. Gomer, for the sum of nine hundred and eighty-four and 80-100 dollars, directed to the Sheriff of El Paso County, aforesaid, which said writ has been returned executed upon the following described property, to-wit: The N. W. ¼ of Sec. 28, in township 11, range 65 west; the return of the Sheriff thereon showing that said defendant, Philip P. Gomer, was not found.

Now, therefore, unless you, the said Philip P. Gomer, shall be and appear before the said District Court on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the District Court room in the city of Colorado Springs, in the said county of El Paso and State of Colorado, aforesaid, on

Monday, the 8th day of October, A. D. 1877,

and plead, answer, or demur to the same, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said First National Bank of Denver, and so much of the estate attached will be sold as shall be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs.

A. S. WELCH, Clerk.

September 6, 1877.

NOTICE.

Estate of Maria B. Wallihan, Deceased.

In the County Court of El Paso County, Colorado.

To Samuel S. Wallihan, administrator of the estate of Maria B. Wallihan, deceased:—

Satisfactory affidavit having been filed that you are and have been for six months last past absent from the State of Colorado, and that you are neglecting your duties as administrator of the estate aforesaid, you are hereby notified to appear before the County Court of El Paso County, in said State, at the next term thereof, beginning on Monday, the 24th day of September, A. D. 1877, and make a settlement of your accounts as required by law, and also show cause why you should not be removed from your office as administrator; and that in default of such appearance your letters of administration will be revoked.

E. T. STONE, County Judge.

[SEAL.]

Dated this 26th day of July, 1877.

NOTICE.

STATE OF COLORADO, } In the County
COUNTY OF EL PASO. } Court.

Estate of F. M. Brown, Deceased.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: Take notice that the undersigned, administratrix of the estate of F. M. Brown, deceased, will at the next term of said County Court, beginning on Monday, September 24, 1877, present her final settlement as such administratrix, to said court for approval; at which time and place objections to such settlement can be made.

A. E. BROWN, Administratrix.

Dated July 25, 1877.

HOUSE-MOVING.

S. E. SESSIONS
IS PREPARED
TO MOVE HOUSES,
Large or Small,

On short notice and in the most careful manner. Apply at his shop opposite the postoffice.

FIRE INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, MONEY TO LOAN.

FIRE INSURANCE
in standard Companies, written at Lowest Rates.

REAL ESTATE
Bought and Sold on Commission.

MONEY TO LOAN
on Easy Terms on Real Estate Security.

By CHAS. HALLOWELL,
COLORADO SPRINGS, COL.

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DRUGGISTS.

SAGENDORF & CULVER,

— DEALERS IN —

Drugs and Medicines,

PERFUMERIES,

TOILET ARTICLES, ETC.

South Room, UNION BLOCK,

COLORADO SPRINGS, - COLORADO.

FIRE INSURANCE.

1809. INSURE 1877.

WITH THE

North British and Mercantile

INSURANCE COMPANY.

"IT IS HERE TO STAY."

CAPITAL, - - - - - - (GOLD)	$10,000,000.
TOTAL ACCUMULATIONS TO DATE, - -	20,157,215.
TOTAL ASSETS,	$30,157,215.
Losses paid in the United States, - - - -	$8,600,092.

Losses honorably adjusted and promptly paid without reference to Head Offices.

BEFORE a Fire, any Company will answer.

AFTER a Fire the best is the cheapest.

A. H. BARRETT,
Agent, Colorado Springs.

une30-2tc

CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF COLORADO, } ss.
COUNTY OF EL PASO, }

In the District Court; to the October term, 1877.

R. G. Gage,
vs.
T. J. Stigenwalt,
R. W. Anderson, } In Chancery.
S. P. Gutshall,
and
Charles Walker,

AFFIDAVIT showing non-residence of T. J. Stigenwalt, one of the defendants above named, and that he cannot on due inquiry be found, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said District Court of El Paso County, notice is hereby given to the said T. J. Stigenwalt that complainant, on the 25th day of January, 1877 filed his bill of complaint in said court, against said T. J. Stigenwalt, R. W. Anderson, S. P. Gutshall, and Charles Walker, defendants above named, for the purpose of correcting errors in a certain trust deed executed on the 4th of August, 1875, by said Stigenwalt and Anderson to one Lucius Morley, as trustee, for the use of complainant.

Now, unless you, the said T. J. Stigenwalt, shall personally appear before said court on the first day of the next term thereof, to be held in Colorado Springs, in said county, on the 8th day of October, A. D. 1877, and plead, answer, or demur to said bill, the same, and the matters therein charged and stated, will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.

Dated this [illegible]th day of August, 1877.

A. S. WELCH, Clerk District Court.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, Mary F. Stitzer, of El Paso County, and Territory (now State) of Colorado, by her certain deed of trust dated February 1, 1876, and duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of said county, on the 1st day of February, 1876, in Book P, page 562, did convey to the undersigned, as trustee, the following described real estate, situated in the county of El Paso, and Territory (now State) of Colorado, to-wit:—

Beginning at a post set for the center of section six (6) in township No. sixteen (16) south, of range No. sixty-five (65) west of the sixth principal meridian, and running thence south (var. 14° 48′ E.) two (2) chains and fifty (50) links, thence east four (4) chains and forty-four (44) links, thence north twenty-two (22) chains and fifty (50) links, thence west four (4) chains and forty-four (44) links, thence south twenty (20) chains to the place of beginning, and containing ten (10) acres, to secure the payment of her promissory note of even date of said trust deed, therein described, for the principal sum of sixty-five dollars, payable six (6) months after date thereof, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per month until paid, interest payable monthly at Colorado Springs, Colorado; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of the said note, and interest due thereon,

Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and for the purpose of paying the same and interest with costs of sale, the undersigned, under and by virtue of authority in him vested by the said deed of trust, will sell at public auction on

Wednesday, September 26, 1877,

at eleven o'clock a. m. of the said day, at the front door of the court house (the same being the front door of the County Clerk's office) of El Paso County, State of Colorado, to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described tract of land and all the right, title, benefit, and equity of redemption of the said Mary F. Stitzer, her heirs and assigns therein, and will apply the proceeds, or so much thereof as may be necessary, as in said deed of trust provided.

CHAS. STOCKBRIDGE, Trustee.

Colorado Springs, August 25, 1877.

Neat and elegant suits—every style and the latest styles—at Stearns' brick block, Huerfano Street. He employs the best cutter in the State.

WAGON MAKER.

G. B. SOUTHCOTTE,
W[illegible]

Is prepared to execute all Wagon Work, (light or heavy) entrusted to his care, with promptness. Good material and workmanship guaranteed.

FREIGHTERS' WORK

will always receive special attention. A No 1 assortment of Wagon Tongues and Axletrees and hard wood Plank on hand and will be sold cheap for cash.

Prices as low as good work and material can be got at.

Call and see me at the Wagon Works

FOOT OF HUERFANO STREET.

Just east of the Bridge. COLORADO SPRINGS.

AUCTIONEER.

G. R. ARNOLD,

AUCTIONEER,

TENDERS HIS SERVICES TO ANYBODY WHO may have anything to sell at public vendue.

CALL AT MORLEY'S

HUERFANO STREET, COLORADO SPRINGS.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, Clark Z. Cozens, of El Paso County and Territory (now State) of Colorado, by his certain deed of trust, dated June 28, 1875, and duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of said county on the 28th day of June, 1875, in book P, page 374, did convey to the undersigned as trustee, the following described real estate situated in the County of El Paso and Territory (now State) of Colorado, to-wit:—

Lot number two (2), in block number three hundred and five (305), in the city of Colorado Springs, county and then Territory (now State) aforesaid, to secure the payment of his promissory note of even date of said trust deed therein described, for the principal sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars ($125), payable six (6) months after date thereof, with interest at the rate of two (2) per cent. per month until paid, interest payable monthly at Colorado Springs, Colorado; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the said note and interest due thereon;

Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and for the purpose of paying the same and interest with costs of sale, the undersigned, under and by virtue of authority in him vested by the said deed of trust, will sell at public auction, on

Wednesday, September 26, 1877,

at eleven o'clock a. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house (the same being the front door of the County Clerk's office) of El Paso County, State of Colorado, to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described premises and all the right, title, benefit and equity of redemption of the said Clark Z. Cozens, his heirs and assigns therein, and will apply the proceeds or so much thereof as may be necessary as in said deed of trust provided.

CHAS. STOCKBRIDGE, Trustee.

Colorado Springs, August 23, 1877.

The Chicago and Alton train leaving Kansas City at 5:35 p. m. now arrives in Chicago at 3:40 p. m. next day, in time to connect with the fast trains of eastern lines, arriving in New York City TEN HOURS QUICKER THAN HERETOFORE. Reclining Seat Cars, containing wash rooms and towels, free of extra charge, and Pullman Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars through from Kansas City to Chicago without change. Through Sleeping Cars without change from Chicago to New York, Philadelphia, Boston, and Washington.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

ROUND ABOUT THE STATE.

A cornet band is about to be got up in Rosita.

Buffalo are reported quite numerous forty miles from the Platte, ninety miles down from Greeley.

It is said that one of the saloons in this place made $1,100 net profits during the month of August.—*Longmont Post.*

The Boulder University opened last week with elaborate ceremonies, and the names of about fifty students—half females—are given.

The shipment of cattle from the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe stock yards, at Pueblo, for the month of August, amounted to 1,572 head.

The Smuggler mine at Balarat is now running a force of fifty-five men. A short time since this mine shipped ten sacks of ore which netted $1,500.

The work of sinking the shaft of the Virginia mine steadily progresses with a day and night shift. The shaft is now about 270 feet down.—*Rosita Index.*

General Sheridan is said to favor Denver or Cheyenne as headquarters for the Department of the Platte, and the removal is again agitated in army circles.

The top ore of the Virginius, Mount Sneffles District, gives a mill return of 175 ounces silver per ton. Of this ore two men can take out a ton a day.—*Ouray Times.*

The Democratic leaders of Park County, after mature deliberation, have given their consent to the rank and file of that party to vote on the question of Woman Suffrage.

Five hundred feet on the Gregory lode, secured by the Consolidated Gregory, were sold by the owners at the unusually good figures of $1,000 per foot, or $500,000 altogether.

The Smuggler mill at Balarat will not run for some time, as the company finds it necessary to build a ditch seven miles in length from the South St. Vrain, to supply enough water to run with.

Mr. Mistler, who is farming Abe Rist's ranch on the Big Thompson, reports another big yield of wheat. A forty acre patch has been threshed, and yields forty-seven bushels to the acre.

The McClellans have trouble on their mountain ranches with bears or lions, since as many as 30 calves have been destroyed by them. Hereafter, cows with calves will be left on the ranch on the plains.

Geo. A. Cook has bought of S. P. Williams & Bro. their stock of cattle branded "[illegible]," including nineteen bulls and 400 calves branded this year; also ten horses, for $18,000, range delivery.—*Denver Tribune.*

The miners employed on the First National mine at Caribou, struck on Wednesday of this week on account of not receiving their last month's pay. This mine has been working fifteen men.—*Sunshine Courier.*

Mr. W. W. Secor is buying wheat at a dollar a bushel. He says he does not care to buy much at that price, but only takes a little to help the farmers out, and advises them to hold their grain for the rise.—*Longmont Press.*

John Abbott is making first-class vinegar out of watermelons. He uses a cider press to crush the melons after they are ground in the mill. Mr. Abbott took two loads of melons up to Laramie City, which netted him $90.—*Greeley Tribune.*

An emigrant train of three wagons, containing some twelve persons in all, arrived in the city yesterday morning. The party drove all the way from Wisconsin and intend to locate in this State.—*Denver Democrat.*

We cannot imagine why it is that the Woman Suffragists of Denver have left out Park County in their appointments. Is it because we are beyond redemption and cannot be saved by this means of grace, or do the war horses of the suffrage movement entertain the belief that no good can come from the mountains?—*Sentinel.*

Sheriff Bartlett, of Costilla County, arrived in this city on Friday, bringing with him Scobe, the horse thief who was captured by Officer Desmond in South Pueblo some time since. Scobe plead guilty to the crime, and was sentenced to fourteen months in the penitentiary by Judge Bowen.—*Chieftain.*

The Central City *Register* says that fully two-thirds of the Gilpin County ore bought at the smelting works at Black Hawk could not have been purchased and worked by the company prior to 1870. Ores that bring $90 now were then worth but $40 per ton, and the $10 and $25 ores that help out mines were not then available.

Female Suffrage lecturers are speaking through Southern Colorado, and gaining friends wherever they go. The speeches are translated for the Mexican auditors who seem to favor the measure. From the present outlook, the prospect is good for the suffragists to carry the State. If they succeed the Eastern States will be put in a ferment, and the bother will prevent the consideration of other troubles.—*Greeley Tribune.*

The Trenton Dressing and Smelting Company filed articles of incorporation yesterday. The capital stock is $150,000 divided into shares of $100 each. The principal office will be located at Golden, with branch offices at Trenton, Idaho Springs, Georgetown, and Black Hawk. The trustees are William Hancock, Horace Humphreys, Daniel Peters, Michael Schall, F. W. Roebling, Daniel P. Forst, and Peter W. Crozier.—*Democrat.*

There is a strong feeling among the people of this end of the county, and those of the St. Vrain and Little Thompson country, of having a new county formed with the county seat at Longmont. It is thought by many that a division could be agreed upon that would be entirely satisfactory to Boulder City and the mountains as well as the Weld County people, especially those at Greeley and on the Poudre.—*Longmont Press.*

THE PROSPECTOR.

There is no more important personage in the development and settlement of new mining countries than the prospector. And while his discoveries there are the sole causes of the tide of immigration that follows, his work in older districts aids not a little in maintaining their permanent prosperity. His services are by no means duly appreciated by the masses who are more or less benefited by the results that they bring about. While the labors of this adventurous class are essentially alike, there may be said to be two species of the genus prospector.

First may be noted those who keep in advance of the settlements, and are continually on the move. They form the advance guard of civilization in the grand Western wilderness of mountains. Their best hold is in the discovery of new districts and veins, and of selling the same and then moving on in search of fresh conquests. They are usually but illy adapted to regular and permanent mining, and the luxuries and comforts of town life have but few charms for them. Their favorite haunts are away from the busy haunts of men, and on in the undiscovered countries where few or none of their fellows have been before them. To these men is mainly due the rapid settlement of the rich gold and silver-bearing regions of the West.

But there is another class who have aided in nearly as great a degree the progress and prosperity of this and other sections. This is composed of the men who remain at or near the settlements and towns, and combine mining with prospecting. They go thoroughly over the ground that their predecessors have run over before them. Some of these men have formed the advance in unknown and unsettled sections in previous years, and have finally settled down to a more or less permanent residence in the older districts where we find them. While less ready to start off at the first cry of good diggings or rich prospects in far away localities, they are equally good in their profession, and the results of their labors aid not a little in maintaining the permanent prosperity and productiveness of their respective mining camps.

There are many of these men here, and more around Georgetown, and in Boulder, Park, and others of the older mining counties. They can be found daily plodding over our hillsides looking for blossom rock, inspecting abandoned prospect holes, breaking open a fragment here, and picking for a crevice there—all requiring much time and labor before the desired pocket or vein is discovered. This is especially the case in old districts like this, which have been run over for so many years, and where it is generally supposed that all of the good things have already been taken possession of.

That the persevering and deserving labor of these men is not always in vain and is occasionally richly rewarded, is shown in a large part of the quartz supplies of stamp mills and in the new mines here and elsewhere that are paying so largely. Red Elephant and Democrat Mountains, several localities in Boulder County, and some of our own gold mines, such as the Comstock, Specie Payment, Minnie, and Lake View, are instances of what has been opened up during the past year or two by the men of whom we write.

It requires as much nerve to prosecute this kind of work as does the investment of capital in many a property of very extensive proportions. In fact, the man who devotes his time and labor to this avocation runs a greater risk of failure than does he who puts his money into a mine, which, although idle and requiring a heavy outlay, has been known to yield largely in bygone days. For a vein that has once proved rich and productive is very sure to do so again, sooner or later, while the prospector after new mines has nothing but an uncertainty before him. While all praise is due to those who have reopened mines of magnitude at great expense to themselves or their backers, the prospectors and small miners of our hillsides, in their humbler spheres, have done almost as much to maintain business and keep up the production and prosperity of the country as they.

Except at intervals when they get on to a permanent vein or a valuable pocket, their whole labor is one of uncertainty, and in a majority of cases their entire returns are required by the mill man and dealer in mining supplies. Quartz that may have a valuable appearance, frequently turns out to be nearly worthless, and often these men's greatest comfort is derived from the hopes of better things to-morrow. Yet their combined labors go a long way towards tiding the country over the rough places. Then, all hail to the prospector and miner, and may his shadow never grow less nor his luck desert him in his hour of necessity or at any other time.—*Central Register.*

COUNTY FAIR ASSOCIATION.

The Saguache County Industrial Fair Association filed articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State. The objects of the company will be readily recognized by the name. The capital stock of the company is $5,000, divided into 1,000 shares. The term of existence is twenty years. A board of nine trustees will manage the affairs of the company, and the officers of the association for the first year will consist of A. Humphreys, president; George H. Adams, vice-president; Christian Hearn, treasurer, and Louis B. Schwanbeck, secretary. The principal office of the company will be located at Saguache, and the business of the association will be carried on in the county of that name.—*Denver Democrat.*

A mysterious cattle disease is causing great excitement throughout various parts of the East. The disease first appeared ten days ago, and since then many valuable cows have died. On all that died and on the sick was found a pest that resembles the poison Texas cattle tick. No cattle have thus far been affected except such as were in contact with the Texas cattle last spring.

Eighteen mills and 572 stamps are running in Gilpin County.

BOARDING.

NEW FIRST-CLASS
BOARDING HOUSE,
with fifteen good rooms on first floor.
Corner of Cascade and Vermijo Avenues,
COLORADO SPRINGS.
MR. & MRS. SAMPLE, Proprietors.

MACHINIST.

L. WHITE,
MACHINIST
Opposite G. S. Barnes' hardware store,
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

FRUITS AND CONFECTIONERY.

Fresh Fruits and Candies.
PETER MARIANI,
THE OLD FAVORITE,
HAS ON HAND AND IS DAILY RECEIVING fresh Candies, Nuts, California and Tropical Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, Pineapples, Figs, Dates, Bananas, etc.
Lemonade, Ginger Beer, Cider.

STONE MASONS.

CLEMENT & RUSSELL,
Stone and Brick Masons,
WILL TAKE CONTRACTS
For large or small jobs. Estimates furnished and all work done in the best manner.
STONE CUTTING A SPECIALTY.

TOBACCOS, GUNS, ETC.

Tobaccos
and Cigars
You will find the largest assortment and greatest variety in the city, at
CHAS. STOCKBRIDGE'S.

GUNS, RIFLES & AMMUNITION
At C. STOCKBRIDGE'S.

Guns and Rifles Loaned for Trips,
At C. STOCKBRIDGE'S.

C. STOCKBRIDGE,
Commission Merchant,
Real Estate Agent
and Broker.
Railway Tickets bought and sold.

C. STOCKBRIDGE
Is also daily delivering
ICE,
Mineral, and Riggs' Spring Waters,
To any part of the city.
Please leave orders at his office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

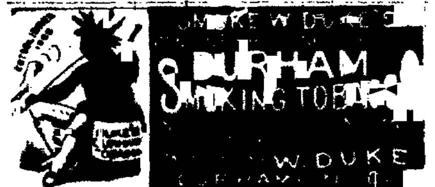
PIANOS ORGANS 7⅓ octave, fine rosewood (not used over six months), only $130; cost $650. New Pianos at wholesale. Great bargains. Nearly new, $20. 2 stops, $45. 5 stops, $50; 6 stops, $55; 7 stops, $60; 9 stops, $65; 12 stops, $55 to $75. Rare opportunities. New organs at wholesale. Beware of imitations. Best offer ever made, **read.** Sent on 5 to 15 days' test trial. Money refunded and freight paid both ways if unsatisfactory. Established 1856. **Agents Wanted.** Discounts to Teachers, Ministers, &c. Address **DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, New Jersey.**

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

Mothers who dose their darlings with drastic purgatives incur a fearful responsibility. The gentle, moderate (yet effective), laxative, alterative, and antibilious operation of TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT peculiarly adapts it to the disorders of children.

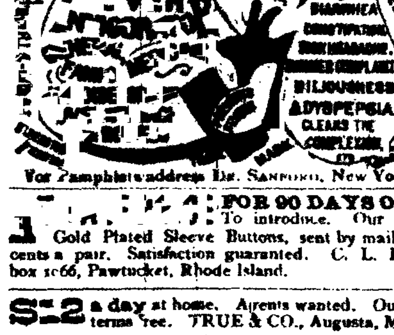
25 Extra Fine Mixed Cards with name 10 cts., post-paid. L. JONES & CO., Nassau, N. Y.



$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

JACKSON'S BEST
SWEET NAVY
CHEWING TOBACCO
was awarded the highest prize at the Centennial Exposition for its fine chewing qualities, the excellence and lasting character of its sweetening and flavoring. If you want the best tobacco ever made ask your grocer for this, and see that each plug bears our blue strip trade mark with the words "Jackson's Best" on it. Sold wholesale by all jobbers. Send for sample to **C. A. JACKSON & CO., Manufacturers, Petersburg, Va.**

TO HAVE GOOD HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE KEPT IN ORDER.



For Pamphlets address Dr. SANFORD, New York.

[illegible] FOR 90 DAYS ONLY. To introduce. Our Heavy Gold Plated Sleeve Buttons, sent by mail for 50 cents a pair. Satisfaction guaranteed. C. L. DAVIS, box 1066, Pawtucket, Rhode Island.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$[illegible] is not easily earned in these times, but it can be made in three months by any one of either sex, in any part of the country who is willing to work steadily at the employment that we furnish. $66 per week in your own town. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. We have agents who are making over $20 per day. All who engage at once can make money fast. At the present time money cannot be made so easily and rapidly at any other business. It costs nothing to try the business. Terms and $5 Outfit free. Address at once, H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

DO NOT FAIL to send for our New Catalogue. It contains valuable information for every person contemplating the purchase of any article for personal, family or agricultural use. Free to any Address.
MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.
Original Grange Supply House,
227 & 229 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

BOARD AT MANITOU.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD.
Good Lodging.
$10 PER WEEK.
AT MANITOU.
Apply to Mrs. F. M. Johnson, Manitou, Colo.

HARNESS, SADDLES, ETC.

HARNESS, SADDLES,
[illegible]
AND EVERYTHING PERTAINING TO THE Saddlery and Harness business at
PETER BECKER'S,
Tejon street, one door north of Leonard's clothing house, Colorado Springs. Repairing promptly attended to.

MEAT MARKET.

PEOPLE'S MEAT MARKET.
W. H. KETTLEWELL,
HAS NOW
One of the most attractive
Meat Markets,
IN TOWN.
And can always furnish the public with a Tender Steak and a good Roast.
Beef, Mutton, Pork, Veal,
Chickens, and Game in Season.
Fresh Butter and Vegetables can always be found at this market.
Pike's Peak Ave., opp. Huggins' Jewelry Store.

RAILWAYS.

KANSAS PACIFIC
RAILWAY.
[illegible]
Between Colorado and the East.
[illegible] MILES THE SHORTEST LINE
FROM
DENVER TO KANSAS CITY.
[illegible] HOURS QUICKER
Than any other route from
Denver to Kansas City and Points East.
[illegible] Running Through Trains, with Pullman Palace Cars attached, between Denver and Kansas City, making Close Connections in Union Depot, Kansas City, with through trains for the East, North, and South.
Baggage Checked Through to Destination.
THE GREAT
Through Freight Line!
Unrivaled Facilities Offered for Direct and Prompt Dispatch of Freight.
[illegible]
Connects Closely with all Western Connections.
Through Bills of Lading
GIVEN FROM
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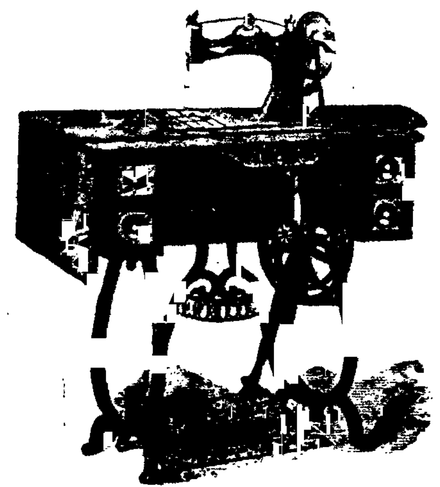

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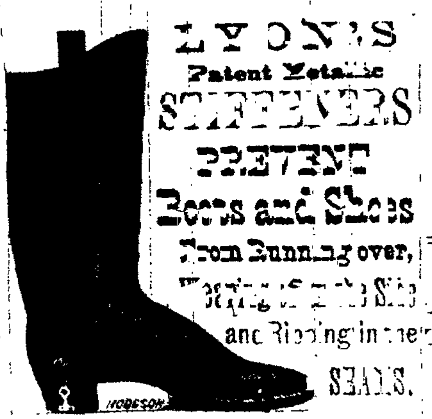

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